The Columbian.

VOL. 26 BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, MARCH 20, 1891. NO. 12

Tuesday was St. Patrick's Day.

G. A. R. Hall has been repainted and papered.

Geo. L. Moyer lost his three year old daughter last week Thursday, from scarlet fever.

H. W. Sloan decorated his store with green ribbons on St. Patrick's day.

Remington Rishel assisted in the jobbing department of this office last week. He is a first class printer.

Rehearsals have begun for the Easter music at the Episcopal church, and the early morning service will be fully up to its usual standard.

Work on the court house has been retarded by the recent stormy weather. When it was not raining, it was too cold to lay brick.

Our fox hunters have three live foxes, two red ones and one gray one. We can soon look for several fox chases.

Read I. Maier's new advertisement this week. He pays excursion railroad fare from Berwick, Danville, Catawissa and intermediate points for all customers from those places who purchase five dollars worth of goods, or more.

We have received from J. W. Raeder of Wilkes-barre a handsome memorandum book. Mr. Raeder is extensively engaged in bookbinding, and makes a specialty of ruling blank books for banks and corporations. He is a first class workman.

The Holy Communion will be administered at Orangeville March 29 at 10.30 a. m., St. James April 5 at 10.30 a. m., Hidlay ,April 12 at 10.30 a. m., Zion, April 19 at 10.30 a. m., and Briarcreek May 10 at 2.30 p. m.

A. Houtz. Pastor.

The Farmers' National Bank hopes to be ready to begin business on April 1st. Their rooms will not be fully completed by that time, but they will be sufficiently in shape to enable them to open their doors about that time. Contractor Gorrey is pushing along the work rapidly.

Special services will be held in the Lutheran Chureh every evening next week, commencing at half past seven o'clock. On Friday evening will be preparatory services. Sunday morning at half past ten o'clock, Easter, Holy Communion will be observed.

A hot journal on the incandescent dynamo at the Electric Light Company's engine house necessitated the stoppage of the machinery and all the incandescent lamps through the town were extinguished on Monday night. It is not likely to occur again.

A reunion of General Hartranft's division will be held at York on the 25th inst. Orders for excursion tickets for soldiers of Company E. 209th Regiment can be obtained of G. W. Sterner, Bloomsburg.

The charter of the Catawissa Deposit Bank expires May 20th. It will go out of existence, and a National Bank is being organized to take its place, with a capital stock of $50,000, the shares being $100. Subscription books are now open at the office of Judge Hughes.

There is some talk of reproducing the Cantata of Queen Esther in the near future. No doubt the Opera House could be filled again. So much time and work was expended in the preparation of this cantata, and every body was so well pleased with it, that it will easily bear a repetition. Let us have it, by all means.

It is now pretty generally understood that the recent newspaper articles reflecting on Revs. Donahue and Sears in connection with the Sutherland case were intended to force a settlement of the matter. But Mr. Sutherland's friends have mistaken their men. Sutherland has been rearrested, and waived a hearing. His case will be pushed to the end, and will result in complete vindication for those whom he or his injudicious friends have maligned.

A meeting was held on Thursday evening of this week at 7.30, in the Presbyterian church in the interest of Sabbath Observance, under the auspices of the American Sabbath Union, of which Col. Elliott F. P. Shepard of N. Y. is president, and Rev. J. H. Knowles, D. D. is Secy. The meeting was conducted by the Secretary of the Fourth District including Pennsylvania Virginia and West Virginia, Rev. J. L. McCartney of Beaver Falls Pa., and was addressed by Rev. H. H. Genqr.

ESPY.

David Whitmire of this place has a choice hen, she lays eggs one-fourth pound in weight, 8 inches in circumference and 6¼ in diameter. It would bring a choice chicken no doubt.

The boat yard is moving along slowly, and the prospects are better for the season.

A suprise party was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs J. D. Workheiser. They had a splendid time and the tables were filled with all the delicacies that they could enjoy.

The young gents of our town are flourishing with the exception of one; he got left.

Mr. G. T. Tronsoe is slowly improving.

M. Q. White feels proud of his black mare, Pet.

The schools will soon be closed for the six month term. I suppose the boys are glad.

Mr. Hirly Angle made a flying trip to Berwick on Monday. He says the roads are bad.

The canal boys are making rapid headway.

Mr. Wesley Ruckle, who has been ill for the past few weeks, has recovered.

Mr. and Mrs. David Whitmire attended the funeral of Mr. Theodore Smith of Rohrsburg on Sunday last.

Mr. Fahringer was ill for a few days but is better at the present writing.

H. B.

There are still a number of excellent houses to be rented at a reasonable figure. No houses should remain empty in so desirable a place to live as Espy.

The new meat-market under the management of Stephen Pohe and Warren Everett has made a good beginning, The excellent roasts they send out is evidence that they understand the business.

The number of our stores is rapidly increasing. Recently Mr. Harry Wapels opened a grocery in his home and Dr. F. W. Redeker a Drug store in his office. Now Mr. David Geisinger is fitting up his store room which will soon be occupied by Mr. Bird Miller our successful and enterprising young barber, who will keep a full line of goods adapted to his trade. Mr. Miller's custom has increased to the extent that he is obliged to keep an assistant.

By the time that the electric railway gets into successful operation every line of business in Espy will be complete. Then people can come here from all parts of the country and get an equivalent for their money.

Mr. J. D. Workheiser and his lady were agreeably surprised on last Monday evening, the 22d anniversary of their marriage by a host of friends calling unexpectedly at their home and taking possession of the house, serving an excellent supper, spending the evening pleasantly together, and leaving the happy couple in the assurance that they are highly esteemed by the community in which they have lived happily together for so many years.

Services appropriate to the great Easter festival will be held in the Lutheran Church on the evening of Easter Sunday.

The North Branch Conference of Susquehanna Synod will convene in Lutheran Church of Espy on the 30 and 31 of March and April 1st. to which all are cordially invited.

On Thursday March 12th. Mr. John Turner, one of Espy's oldest citizens was joined in marriage to Miss Rebecca Hummel of Bloomsburg, by Rev. A. R. Glaze. They gave a reception to their many friends in Mr. Turner's home at Espy on Saturday. The good ladies of the place had an excellent dinner prepared for the bride and groom on their return and many were present to greet and congratulate Mr. Turner in securing for himself such a sutiable companion. That they may live many happy years together is the wish of every body.

On Thursday 12th at 7. p m. also by Rev. Glaze, Mr. Carvil H. Norris and Miss Edith M. Garrison of Almedia were united in holy matrimony, at the Lutheran parsonage, Espy. They enter upon the voyage of life together with the best wishes of their many friends for happiness and prosperity.

J. D. Bodine and wife, went to Philadelphia last week, and a surgical operation was performed on Mrs. Bodine, on Saturday, by Dr. Montgomery. Two large ovarian tumors were removed, and though still very weak, the prospects are that the patient will recover. Besides her husband, Dr. B. F. Sharpless and Mrs. C. H. Bibby, her brother and sister, of Catawissa, were with her. She is at St. Joseph's Hospital.

CHARGED WITH SHOOTING LIEUTENANT ROBINSON.

About the first of August 1864, a squad of men led by a young man named Robinson, a citizen of Luzerne county, attempted to stop in the night time, by challenging, a number of residents of Benton township. It was on the public highway near Raven Creek. Neither party knowing the other in the darkness, the challenged party fired, and Lieutenant Robinson was severely wounded, and subsequently died from the effects of it. No arrests were made, and nothing whatever was done at the time. It was at a time when the draft was being made, and there was much excitement among the people. It was not pretended that Robinson had any authority to make arrests or that he represented the government in any way. This shooting affray led to what was known as the Military occupation of Columbia county.

On Monday night last, the 16th inst. Ellis Young of Jackson township was arrested at his home by Detective Phillips of Luzerne county, charged with the shooting of Lieutenant Robinson. The arrest was made on the oath of Thomas Smith, a resident of this county, who went to Wilkes-barre and there made a statement to District Attorney Darte. He said he was one of the party and the others were Miner Smith now dead, and Ellis Young. Mr. Young was brought to Bloomsburg on Tuesday morning, lodged in jail until noon, and then taken to Wilkes-barre, where he was committed to jail to await the action of the grand jury next month.

LIGHT STREET.

Rev. Whitney returned from conference on Tuesday, to stay during another year.

Rev. T. H. Tubbs stopped over night in town on his way to Benton.

Geo. P. Reighard purchased the homestead of Mrs. Tacy White, on Saturday last, for twelve hundred and seventy dollars.

W. I. Terwilliger moved on Thursday last.

Mrs. Kate Achenbach is visiting her sister Mrs. O. P. Ent.

Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Brown and Mr. and Mrs. P. W. Melick, attended the funeral of the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Low, of Orangeville, on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Mather of Greenwood, attended the sale of the property of Tacy White deceased, on Saturday last.

Jay Brown returned from Mexico on Tuesday, whither he had gone on business.

ELECTRIC LIGHT NOTES.

The incandescent lights were turned on last Friday night, and the entire plant is working very well. The arc lights in the streets make the town brilliant but they may be turned off at any time, as the lighting is being done gratuitously by the contractors. The public has had an opportunity of seeing their effect, and when a new contract is made for lighting the streets, there is no doubt but that the arc lights will be demanded by a very large majority of the people.

J. L. Girton has put an arc light in the St. Elmo Hotel.

The Central Hotel has incandescent inside, and it is said that an arc light will be placed in front.

I. W. McKelvy has thirty incandescent lamps and one arc light in his store.

The Exchange Hotel has an arc light in the office, another in the parlor, and incandescents in every room in the house.

Mr. Daniel Killion who has had charge of the construction of the works has nearly completed his contract. He has made many friends here since he came among us.

Mr. Daniel Schuyler has been engaged as Superintendent of the company. He is an experienced man in the business.

Henry Savage and W. Moyer of Danville have been employed as engineers.

The plant has not yet been handed over to the company, and the contractors will retain possession until all the machinery is properly adjusted, and works in regular and satisfactory manner. Thus far the lighting has been largely experimental.

The nuptials of Miss Ella A. Dodson of this place, and Mr. Edward M. Humphreys, of Bloomsburg, were celebrated at the residence of the bride's parents on Mulberry street yesterday afternoon at half-past four, in the presence of the relatives and a few of their most intimate friends; Rev. W. T. Auman, of the Reformed Church, officiating. In the evening the Grozier Military Band serenaded the newly-wedded pair,—*Berwick Independent.*

FARMER, LOOK AT THE DIFFERENCE

A few items of imported articles will answer our illustration in comparing farming with manufacturing.

	Imported 1890.	Duty paid thereon
Window glass	$ 1,402,796,01	$ 1,538,228,23
Clothing	$ 1,800,347,30	$ 1,010,134,21
Dress Goods	$32,660 282,91	$16,490,948,20

The first column shows the world's market price on manufactured products, and the latter is the tax that Americans are obliged to pay, not only on the imported goods, but also to the American manufacturer in the home market. The American manufacturer does not undersell the imported products including the duty, otherwise protection would be prohibitory and consequently importation would not be possible. The American consumer therefore pays just about two prices for all products on which a duty is imposed. The American manufacturer therefore has the whole benefit of tariff protection, as only that part reaches the United States Treasury which is collected at the custom houses on importation of foreign products. For thirty years the farmer plodded along in the hope of the realization of the oft repeated promise of a wider and better market for his products through the fascinating inducements of the deluding and rotten policy of protection, until at last he finds himself in the very jaws of bankruptcy, while the protected classes revel in corpulency,excess of wealth and prodigality. Through the mists of his infortunate circumstances he discovers the further abomination in the effort of the lawmaking power, not only of multiplying official positions with high salaries, but raising those already long standing, and in other innumerable ways increase the public expense and thereby, still further crush the already prostrate farmer. Through the honeyed claptrap phrases of vile deception the protectionists still hope to goad the farmer to further submission of greater robberies through the McKinley bill by establishing a few more shirt factories in which some of the farmers daughters will be enabled to earn their board, and thereby enlarge the home market for farm products. The farmers' surplus must either be consumed by vermin or find a foreign market, and in either case he can only realize the world's market price whether sold in the home or foreign market. The American farmer is more poorly compensated than his foreign competitor by reason of protection to American industries which is claimed to be protection against foreign pauper labor, and by reason of protected manufactured goods for which the American farmer pays nearly twice as much as the foreign farmer. The foreign farmer can produce for the world's market much more cheaply than the American farmer, for which the foreign farmer receives as much as the American farmer. If this proposition is false the whole protection theory is false, as the protectionists assert that foreigners can produce so much more cheaply than Americans. If it is true in manufacturing, it is true in farming. Under such a condition it is impossible for the American farmer to compete with his foreign competitor. The American farmer is sacrificed through the rotten protection and will inevitably become reduced to surfdom and eventually to pauperism if a radicall change is not speedily forthcoming. If the home market for farm products were advanced above the world's market by reason of protection to the same extent that American manufactured products are, the American farmer might well laugh and rejoice in protection.

The annual exports of farm products are measured by scores of millions, both as to quantity and value, and the farmer does not sell for one cent less for export than he sells in the home market. The American farmer is robbed by his American competitor–the manufacturer in the home market to the extent that the protection mantle covers the difference between the cost of protection of manufactured products and the duty imposed thereon upon the same classes of imported foreign products. The financial condition of the American farmer as compared with the American manufacturers presents a contrast of universal adversity on the one hand and unequaled and unparalleled prosperity on the other. The American farmer is not only obliged to sell in the unprotected market of the world, but is almost exclusively restricted to the home market by reason of protection. Farm products are exchanged in the foreign markets for foreign products, bullion or otherwise, hence protection obstructs farm product exports to the extent it prohibits imports by reason of high duties, all of which has a tendency to increase the farmers' surplus. So long as there remains a surplus, protection on farm products is as available and valuable as the fifth wheel on a wagon and in case of a shortage, or partial crop failure and a high tariff prevailing on farm products, and importation became necessary and a majority of farmers were obliged to buy farm products, then the farmers may well imagine what a blessing or curse protection on farm products would be. Whatever protection may have done for the favored classes, it deceived, defrauded, robbed and impoverished the agricultural masses. The above refers to protection on the necessaries of life exclusive of internal revenues on spirits, tobacco &c.

FARMER.

METHODIST MINISTERS.

APPOINTMENTS FOR THE YEAR MADE BY CONFERENCE.

At the afternoon session of the Central Pennsylvania Methodist Episcopal conference, at Sunbury Monday, the following appointments of pastors for the ensuing year were made for this section:

DANVILLE DISTRICT.

John Donahue, Presiding Elder (Postoffice Bloomsburg.) Ashland, J. P. Moore; Beech Haven, G. V. Savidge; Benton, W. S. Hamlin; Berwick, Richard Hinkle; Bloomsburg, S. W. Sears; Buckhorn, J. R. Melroy; Catawissa, William Moses; Catawissa Circuit, J. S. Souser; Centralia. W. McK Reiley; Conyngham, J. H. Mortimer; Danville, St. Paul, E. H. Yocum; Trinity, G. M. Kepler; Elysburg, W. A. Lepley; Espy, and Light street, W. R. Whitney; Excelsior, R. T. Whitley; Fountain Spring, C. H. Bernard, supply; Freeland, S. W. Bedford; Gordon, P. F. Eyer; Harveyville, Samuel Blair; Hazleton, St, Paul, J. B. Shaver; Diamond, G. M. Larned; Jeansville Audenried, M. L. Drum; Jerseytown, A. W. Decker; Mifflinville, S. P. Boone Milnesville, H. Strain; Mount Carmel, W. G Ferguson; Muhlenburg, J. L. Duncan; Nescopeck, E. M. Chilcoat; Northumberland, H. M. Ash; Orangeville, H. A. Straub; Riverside, J. W. Grover; Rohrsburg, to be spplied; Schloyerville, H. B. Fortner; Selinsgrove, B. P. King; Shamokin—First church, W. A. Stephens; Second church John Horning; Shickshinny, W. C. Robbins; Silver Brook, W. T. S. Deaver Snydertown, N. H. Smith; Stockton and Beaver, Meadow, O. S. Metzler; Sunbury, W. V. Ganoe; Town Hill, E. G. Baker; Treverton, W. P. Shriner Weatherly, J. D. W. Deavor; White Haven, Richard Mallalieu; H. A. Curren, Professor, State Normal school member of Bloomsburg Quarterly conference; Supernumerary and Superannuated preachers, J. W. Leckie, A. M. Kester, I. H Torrence, T. H. Tubbs, H. S. Mendenhall, D. B. McCloskey, G. H. Day.

WALLER.

Mrs. Cora Hess, of Coles Creek, visited her mother, Mrs. McHenry last week.

Rev. S. I. Shortess has returned from conference and is going to remain with us another year. Several were added to the church last Sunday.

Clarence Butt has taken the agency for "Webster's International Dictionary" As this is the latest edition of Webster's Unabridged Dictionary." we predict that it will have a ready sale especially in townships where the schools have not already been supplied with them. A good dictionary should be in every school house and in every private library.

The *Republican* of the 5th inst severely criticises the remarks we made in The Columbian of the 27 ult, in regard to our mail. We are very grateful for all corrections because they are very often needed; but we trust our friends will make due allowance and not misconstrue any of our items. That our mail is defective we infer from the roundabout way in which it is carried; the length of time it takes mail matter to reach us, and from our postmaster and citizens petitioning for a new route. It is one of our most closely observed principles to give every one their dues, and when we fail please consider it as an error of the hand and not of the heart. Our mail now generally comes but little later than it did before the last change: but we are sorry to say there are sometimes delays yet.

Mordansville was visited by a fire on Monday night that destroyed T. E. Sand's store, the church, Kindt's blacksmith shop and residence, and a stable. It started in the store, but how is unknown. Mr. Sand's family, who lived over the store were aroused only in time to save their lives. All the furniture and most of their clothing, and the store goods were burned. The loss is heavy but partially covered by insurance in the agencies of M. P. Lutz and Chandlee Eves.

PERSONAL.

D. Z. Remaly of Fowlersville was a visitor to town on Tuesday.

J. G. Swank of Mifflin, was in town on Wednesday.

Obediah Swank of Mifflin is seriously ill.

Jerry Rudy has entered upon an apprenticeship in this office.

S. F. Peacock went to Philadelphia, on Monday to buy goods.

William Sheep moved to Millville on Wednesday.

Rev. F. B. Riddle was shaking hands with his friends in town on Wednesday.

J. H. Mercer started for his home in Ohio Monday morning. He will be absent several weeks.

G. E. Meyers, formerly editor of the Catawissa *Item*, is visiting friends here.

W. C. Richart has improved the outward appearance of his home, corner of Iron and Third street by building a new veranda.

Go to the Opera House to-night and see "Saved from the Wreck" by pupils of the High School. It is for the benefit of the school library.

Mr. George Aurand, the popular landlord of the Central Hotel and Mrs. Quick were married at Wilkes-Barre last week Thursday. On Monday evening the band gave them a serenade.

As will be seen by the list of appointments of Methodist ministers elsewhere in this issue, Rev. John Donahue has been continued as Presiding Elder of the Danville district, and Rev. S. W. Sears remains at Bloomsburg.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Low of Orangeville have been called upon to mourn the loss of their daughter, Miss Eva, whose death occurred last Sunday. She was an estimable young lady. Her remmains were buried on Tuesday.

Mr. H. A. Kemp and Mrs. Sadie Koons were married last Thursday at the home of A. J. Evans, the bride's father, by Rev. P. A. Heilman. They have gone to house-keeping in the Thornton property, corner of Market and Rock streets.

Cleveland's Minstrels will appear in the Opera House, Friday evening March 27th. The troop has been playing in Philadelphia to large audiences, and come well recommended. They should receive liberal patronage. Tickets for sale at Dentler's.

An improvement has taken place at the D. L. & W. depot. The agent's office has been enlarged by throwing into it the passage way that formerly connected the ladies' and gentlemen's rooms. The express and baggage room has also been enlarged, and provided with double doors. The business of the D. L. & W. has largely increased here within a few years.

The following persons took part in the rendition of "Queen Esther" Mar. 5th and 6th, in the Bloomsburg Opera House:

Misses Annie Miller, Ella Fox, Vida Miller, Annie Jameson, Jennie Stiles, Elmira Shutt, Mary Miller, Ida Bernhard, Minnie Gross.

Messrs. Lloyd Wintersteen, A. N. Yost, Rev. William T. Auman, Skyles M'Killip, Orval Yetter, Frank Bomboy, Samuel Bidleman, Sommers White, Chas. Brady, Frank Colley.

Mesdames Lloyd Wintersteen, Harriet Blue, W. Housel, F. Bomboy, J. Wilson, D. R. Coffman, S. Ruckle, H. Pursel, D. Brooks.

Misses Lizzie Gruver, Flora Jones, Mary Harman, Allie Gruver, Lulu Jones, Ella Watson, Helen Laycock, Maggie Sterling, Mary Fox, Bertha Frease, Annie Fox, Musa Kahler, Jessie Ent, Nellie Ent, May Blue, May Sharpless, Gertrude Sheep, Ura Williams, Katie Betz, Karene Brown, Georgie Pursel, Julia Furman, Hattie Peacock.

Messrs Harry Vanderherchen, John Watson, Horace Supplee, Will Brower, Ed Ent, Theo. Smith.

Chorus of girls,—Annie Hartley, Mary Lemons, Mary Shry, Mary Fornwald, Maggie Chrisman, Gertrude Sterling, Lizzie Palmer, Pearl Hess, Clora Furman, May Jones, Maggie Alexander, Nellie Thomas, Annie Kramer, Ella Tittle.

Chorus of boys.—Paul Harman, Chas. Skeer, Karl Brown, Chas. Alexander, Bruce Housel, Harry Kline, Chas. Sterling, Ray Sharpless, Clinton Furman, Harry Shry, Moyer Lewis, Frank Carpenter.

COURTSHIP RECALLED.

SELECTIONS FROM THE WRITINGS OF ARTEMUS WARD.

Betsy Was Sensible, Not Sentimental, but Makes a Good Wife—Wax Figgers More Elevating Than Shakespeer—The Showman Lectures the Free Lovers.

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V.

THE SHOWMAN'S COURTSHIP.

THARE are many affectin ties which make me hanker arter Betsy Jane. Her father's farm jined onr'n; their cows and onr'n squencht their thurst at the same spring; our old mares both had stars in their forreds; the measles broke out in both famerlies at nearly the same period; our parients (Betsy's and mine) slept reglarly every Sunday in the same meetin house, and the nabers used to obsarve, "How thick the Wards and Peasleys air!" It was a surblime site, in the spring of the year, to see our sevral mothers (Betsy's and mine) with their gowns pin'd up so thay couldn't sile em, affecshunitly Bilin sope together & aboozin the nabers.

Altho I hankered intensly arter the object of my affecshuns I darsunt tell her of the fires which was rajin in my manly Buzzum. I'd try to do it, but my tung would kerwollop up agin the roof of my mowth & stick thar, like deth to a deseast Afrikan or a country postmaster to his offiss.

'Twas a carm still nite in Joon. All nater was husht and nary a zeffer disturbed the sereen silens. I sot with Betsy Jane on the fense of her farther's pastur. We'd bin rompin threw the woods, kullin flours & driving the woodchurck from his Nativ Lair (so to speak) with long sticks. Wall, we sot thar on the fense, a swingin our feet two and fro, blushin as red as the Baldinsville skool house when it was fust painted, and lookin very simple, I make no doubt. My rite arm was ockepied in ballunsing myself on the fense, while my left was woundid luvinly round her waste.

I cleared my throat and tremblinly sed, "Betsy, you're a Gazelle."

"You're a sheep!"

Sez I, "Betsy, I think very muchly of you."

"I don't b'leeve a word you say—so there now cum!"

"I wish thar was winders in my Sole," sed I, "so that you could see some of my feelins. There's fire enuff in here," sed I, strikin my buzzum with my fist, "to bile all the corn beef and turnips in the naberhood. Versoovius and the Critter ain't a circumstans!"

She bowd her hed down and commenst chawin the strings of her sun bonnet.

"Ar could you know the sleeplis nites I worry threw with on your account, how vittles has seized to be attractiv to me & how my limbs has shrunk up, you wouldn't dowt me. Gase on this wastin form and these 'eve sunken cheeks"——

I should have contInnered on in this strane probly for sum time, but unfortunitly I lost my ballunse and fell over into the pastur kersmash, tearin' my close and seveerly damagin myself ginerally.

Betsy Jane sprung to my assistance in dubble quick time and dragged me 4th. Then drawin herself up to her full hite she said:

"I won't listen to your noncents no longer. Jes say rite strate out what you're drivin at. If you mean gettin hitched, I'M IN!"

I considered that air enuff for all practical purpusses, and we proceeded immejitely to the parson's, & was made 1 that very nite.

(Notiss to the Printer: Put some stars here.)

* * * * * * *

I've parst threw many tryin ordeels sins then, but Betsy Jane has been troo as steel. By attendin strickly to bizniss Iv'e amarsed a handsum Pittance. No man on this footstool can rise & and git up & say I ever knowinly injered no man or wimmin folks, while all agree that my Show is ekalled by few and exceld by none, embracin as it does a wonderful collecksbun of livin wild Beests of Pray, snaix in grate profushun, a endless variety of life-size wax figgirs, & the only traned kangaroo in Amerikv—the most amoozin little cuss ever introjuced to a discriminatin public.

WAX FIGURES VS. SHAKESPEARE.

ONTO THE WING —— 1859.

Mr. Editor:

I take my Pen in hand to inform yu that I'm in good helth and trust these few lines will find yu injoyin the same blessins. I wood also state that I'm now on the summir kampane. As the Poit sez—

ime erflote, ime erflote
On the Swift rollin tied
An the Rovir is free.

Bizniss is scarcely middlin, but Sirs I manige to pay for my foode and a raiment punctooally and without no grumblin. I'm travelin with a tent, which is better nor hirin hauls. My how konsists of a serious of wax works, nakes, a paneramy kalled a Grand Movin Diarea of the War in the Crynear, komic songs and the Cangeroo, which larst little cuss continners to konduct hisself in the most outrajus stile.

I started out with the idear of makin my show a grate Moral Entertainment, but I'm kompeled to sware so much at that air infarnal Kangaroo that I'm frade this desine will be flustrated to some extent. And while speakin of morrality, remines me that sum folks turn up their nosis at shows like mine, sayin they is low and not fit to be paternized by people of high degree. Sirs, I manetane that this is infernul nonsense. I manetane that wax figgers is more elevatin than awl the plays ever wroten. Take Shakespeer for instunse. Peple think heze grate things, but I kontend heze quite the reverse to the kontrary.

What sort of sense is thare to King Leer, who goze round cussin his darters, chawin hay and throin straw at folks, and larfin like a silly old koot and making a ass of hisself ginerally? Thare's Mrs. Mackbeth—sheze a nise kind of woomon to have round ain't she, a puttin old Mack, her husband, up to slayin Dunkan with a cheeze knife, while heze payin a frendly visit to their house. O its hily morral, I spoze, when she larfs wildly and sez, "gin me the daggers—He let his bowels out," or words to that effeck—I say, this is awl strickly propper I spoze? That Jack Fawlstarf is likewise a immoral old cuss, take him how ye may, and Hamlick is as crazy as a loon.

But I must stop. At sum futur time I shall continner my remaks on the dramer in which I shall show the varst superiority of wax figgers and snakes over theater plays, in a interlectooal pint of view. Very Respectively yures,

A. WARD, T. K.

AMONG THE FREE LOVERS.

[Some queer people, calling themselves "Free Lovers," and possessing very original ideas about life and morality, established themselves at Berlin Heights, in Ohio, a few years since. Public opinion was resistlessly against them, however, and the association was soon disbanded.]

Some years ago I pitched my tent and onfurled my banner to the breeze, in Berlin Hites, Ohio. I had hearn that Berlin Hites was ockepied by a extensive seck called Free Lovers, who beleeved in affinertys and sich, goin back on their domestic ties without no hesitation whatsomever.

I sot up my tent in a field near the Love Cure, as they called it, and bimeby the free lovers begun to congregate around the door. A ornreer set I have never sawn. The men's faces were all covered with hare and they lookt half starved to deth. The wimin was wuss than the men. They wore trowsis, short gownds, straw hats with green ribbins, and all carried bloo cotton umbrellers.

Presently a perfeckly orful lookin female presented herself at the door. Her gownd was skanderlusly short and her trowsis was shameful to behold.

She eyed me over very sharp, and then startin back she sed, in a wild voice:

"Ah, can it be?"

"Which?" sed I.

"Yes, 'tis troo, O 'tis troo!"

"15 cents, marm," I answerd.

She bust out a cryin & sed:

"And so I have found you at larst—at larst, O at larst!"

"Yes," I answerd, "you have found me at larst, and you would hav found me at fust if you had cum sooner."

She grabd me vilently by the coat collar, and brandishin her umbreller wildly round exclaimed:

"Air you a man?"

Sez I, "I think I air, but if you doubt it you can address Mrs. A. Ward, Baldinsville, Injianny, postage pade, & she will probly give you the desired informashun."

"Then thou ist what the cold world calls marrid?"

"Madam, I istest!"

The exsentric female then clutched me frantisly by the arm and hollered:

"You air mine, O you air mine!"

"Scarcely," I sed, endeverin to git loose from her, but she clung to me and sed:

"You air my Affinerty!"

"What upon arth is that?" I shouted.

"Dost thou not know?"

"No, I dostent!"

"Listin man, & I'll tell ye!" sed the strange female; "for years I hav yearned for thee. I knowd thou wast in the world, sumwhares, tho I didn't know whare. My hart sed he would cum and I took courage. He *has* cum—he's here—you air him—you air my Affinerty! O 'tis too mutch! too mutch!" and she sobbed agin.

"Yes," I answered, "I think it is a darn site too mutch!"

"Hast thou not yearned for me?" she yelled, ringin her hands like a female play acter.

"Not a yearn!" I bellerd at the top of my voice, throwin her away from me.

The free lovers who was standin round obsarvin the scene commenst for to holler "shame," "beast," etsettery, etsettery.

I was very mutch riled, and fortifyin myself with a spare tent stake, I addrest them as follers: "You pussylanermus critters, go way from me and take this retchid woman with you. I'm a law abidin man, and beleeve in good, old fashioned institutions. I am marrid & my orfsprings resemble me if I am a showman! I think your Affinity bizniss is cussed noncents, besides bein outrajusly wicked. Why don't you behave desunt like other folks? Go to work and earn a honist livin and not stay round here in this lazy, shiftless way, pizenin the moral atmosphere with your pestiferous idees! You wimin folks go back to your lawful husbands if you've got any, and take orf them skanderlous gownds and trowsis, and dress respectful like other wimin. You men folks, cut orf them piratterral whiskers, burn up them infurnel pamplits, put sum weskuts on, go to work choppin wood, splittin fence rales, or tillin the sile." I pored 4th my indignashun in this way till I got out of breth, when I stopt. I shant go to Berlin Hites agin, not if I live to be as old as Methooseler.

A Bit of Natural Philosophy.

Visiting Bostonian—Yes, you have a good town here, but you're a long way from the Hub.

New Yorker—That's why things move faster over here.—Life.

AT MOUNTAIN MEADOW.

BRIEF STORY OF THE MASSACRE THAT SHOCKED THE WORLD.

One Hundred and Twenty Unarmed Men, Women, and Children Wantonly Butchered by Indians and White Men Disguised as Indians—Aid Sought for the Survivors.

An attempt is now being made to give Congressional aid to those who were saved at the time of the Mountain Meadow massacre in 1857. That terrible slaughter of innocent women and children, as well as of unarmed men, took place so long ago that but few now remember any of the details surrounding it. A band of emigrants numbering, it is variously stated, from 120 to 150, had started from Arkansas to reach the gold fields of California. Their train consisted of some 600 head of cattle, 30 wagons, and 30 mules and horses, and the total value of their possessions was between $60,000 and $70,000.

They had proceeded as far as Cedar City, Utah, and it was alleged that during their journey from Salt Lake City to that place the emigrants had been guilty of poisoning streams and of committing other outrages. These charges, it is believed, had no foundation, but were brought to cast reflection upon the emigrants and to enable the Mormons to throw the responsibility of the crime upon the Indians.

The attack commenced on Sunday, and the emigrants at once placed their wagons in a circle, dug a pit in the center, in which they placed their wives and children, and prepared to stand a siege. In this way they offered more resistance than was expected and withstood the attack for four days. During this time their ammunition gave out and many suffered intensely from thirst, for water could only be obtained at night, and the trip to the creek, although but a short distance, was attended with great peril, as the approach was covered by the Indians.

Finally a company of Mormon militia appeared, and one of their number was sent forward with a flag of truce. These Mormons agreed to protect the emigrants if they would lay down their arms and ammunition to avoid further exciting the Indians. This was done.

John D. Lee, who was afterward executed for being the principal participator in this horrible crime, in his confession gave the following as the plan of the massacre, which he asserted was arranged and ordered by high Mormon officials.

It was arranged that Lee should conclude terms with the emigrants, and as soon as they had delivered themselves into the power of the Mormons should start for a ranche on the eastern side of the meadows with the wagons and arms, the young children, and the sick and wounded. The men and women, the latter in front, were to follow the wagons, all in single file, and on each side of them the militia were to be drawn up two deep, and with 20 paces between their lines. Within 200 yards of the camp the men were to be brought to a halt until the women approached a copse of scrub oak about a mile distant, and near to which Indians lay in ambush. The men were now to resume their march, the militia forming in single file, each one walking by the side of an emigrant, and carry his musket on the left arm. As soon as the women were close to the ambuscade Higbee, one of the Mormon leaders, who was in charge of the detachment, was to give the signal by saying to the command: "Do your duty," whereupon the militia were to shoot down the men, the Indians were to slaughter the women and children, sparing only those of tender age, and Lee with some of the wagoners was to butcher the sick and wounded. Mounted troopers were to be in readiness to pursue and slay those who attempted to escape, so that, with the exception of infants, no living soul should be left to tell the tale of the massacre.

This diabolical program was fully carried out to the letter. All the men, women, and children over seven years of age were butchered and but 17 lives were spared. These were of children varying in age from two months to seven years. All the stock and property were carried off and the bodies of the dead were stripped and robbed of every ornament or money found on them.

But the lamest attempt was made to bury the victims. A little earth was scattered over the bodies, but the first rain washed that away and the remains became a prey to the wolves and coyotes. Many of the bodies were frightfully mutilated and when, two years afterward, a detachment of United States troops was sent to decently inter them skulls and bones were found scattered for the space of a mile around the ravine, whence they had been dragged by wild beasts. Nearly all the bodies had been gnawed by wolves so that few could be recognized and their dismembered skeltons were bleached by long exposure. Many of the skulls were crushed in with the butt ends of muskets or cleft with tomahawks; others were shattered by firearms discharged close to the head. A few remnants of apparel, torn from the backs of women and children, still fluttered among the bushes, and near by were masses of human hair, matted and trodden in the mold.

These bones were carefully gathered together and buried, and over them was built a cone shaped cairn some 12 feet in height, and leaning against its northern base was placed a rough slab of granite with the following inscription: "Here 120 men, women, and children were massacred in cold blood early in September, 1857. They were from Arkansas." The cairn was surmounted by a cross of cedar on which were inscribed the words: "Vengeance is mine: I will repay, saith the Lord."

The 17 children who were saved were placed in charge of Mormon families at Cedar, Harmony, and elsewhere and were all rescued after about a year's captivity.

A HOUSEKEEPERS' TRUST.

Cooperative Cooking and Table Service in Successful Operation.

There is nothing so perplexing in the whole round of housekeeping, says the New York *Herald*, as the question of food. The lord of the manor must have food well prepared and well served, but the scarcity of good cooks at reasonable wages precludes such a condition in most families of moderate circumstances. It would seem, therefore, that a plan which would close the kitchen entirely, reduce the force of servants, and lessen the cost of living, while at the same time bringing a better service at meals, would be something Utopian—an "iridescent dream."

But the dream after all is not a dream. The problem is solved, and its solution is so simple and satisfactory that the wonder is it was not made clear before. Some weeks since the heads of five Utica, N. Y., families entered into an agreement after mature deliberation under which provision was made for leasing and furnishing a house, employing cook and servants, and making arrangements for a trial of cooperative housekeeping in so far as the dining room and kitchen were concerned. The gentlemen interested are all business men in moderate circumstances, who had come to the conclusion that better service at less cost could be obtained in this way than by the usual individual housekeeping method. Choosing a president, secretary, and a treasury and a "board of governors," the gentlemen set themselves to work. The first thing to be done was to draft a compact by which all were bound to give the plan a trial of three months. All are so well satisfied that there will be no changes at the end of that time, three weeks hence. In the original number 22 persons were included, which number has been augmented to nearly 50, as many as can be accommodated in the present quarters.

In the beginning it was necessary to purchase an entire new outfit of kitchen and dining room furniture, as well as the conveniences for the cook and five waiters, who, in addition to their regular duties, look after the house which they occupy, rented by the club. A competent cook of many years experience was employed, into whose charge the full management of affairs was given, with the exception of the purchase of food, which duty devolves upon one of the club, designated by the president at the beginning of each month. Books are kept in which is entered every cent of expenditure, and they are balanced at the end of the month, when an assessment is levied upon each member, and all accounts are squared. During the first few weeks of the life of the club the assessments were necessarily somewhat heavier than they are at present. As regards the table, the very best of everything is provided, with all the delicacies in season, while no extravagance is countenanced by any member. If any member brings visitors they must be paid for at the rate of 25 cents per meal, and notice must be given beforehand of their coming. The system has been brought so far on the road to perfection that it would be indeed difficult to make it better in any way.

At present the amount levied upon each person is a trifle less than $3 a week, and those in charge confidently expect to reduce this to $2.50, when greater knowledge is acquired by experience. This assessment is very small indeed, when the quality of the service is considered. The bill of fare can not be duplicated in any first class boarding house for twice or three times $3. Besides this, wives and daughters are released from the care of kitchens and dining rooms, and the worry incident to the supervision of cooks and other servants, too often incompetent, is a thing of the past. The only inconvenience, which is slight by comparison, is the necessity of leaving homes to take meals in the cooperative club house. All those interested, however, live near by and count this as nothing.

A Trifle Suspicious.

I arrived in a small town in Kentucky late at night with three other men and when we reached the hotel two of us were assigned to a room. The one I got had two beds in it, however, and I was not disposed to find fault. My room mate seemed to be a suspicious sort of a chap and when I tumbled into bed, with a good night to him, he scarcely deigned a reply. I was asleep in 10 minutes, but two hours later I awoke to find him still sitting in his chair and wide awake.

"Hello! What ails you?" I asked.

"Nothing."

"Troubled with insomnia?"

"No."

"Sleep all day?"

"No."

"Afraid of me?"

"To be honest with you, stranger, I am," he admitted.

"That seems funny. Do I look like a thief?"

"No, you don't; but I have done some figuring in this. You gave the landlord your wallet and watch, didn't you?"

"Yes."

"Well, there's more value than he has probably ever seen before. He'll skip with your stuff before daylight."

"Well!"

"And then you'll have to rob me to get on. Stranger, I'm a man as don't never take no chances. I've got a revolver here, and the first move you make to get out of bed I'll plug you!"

"I can turn over, can't I?"

"Yes, but be powerful careful about it, for I'm up to snuff."

I turned over and went to sleep again, and when morning came his moving around awoke me. I tried to joke him, but he was sour and morose and wouldn't take it. When we went down stairs it was to find the colored help sitting in the early sun, with no move toward breakfast.

"What's the matter?" I asked.

"Mars —— has dun gone an' left de place in de night, and dar's nobody to boss!" was the reply.

My room mate had figured "right smart."

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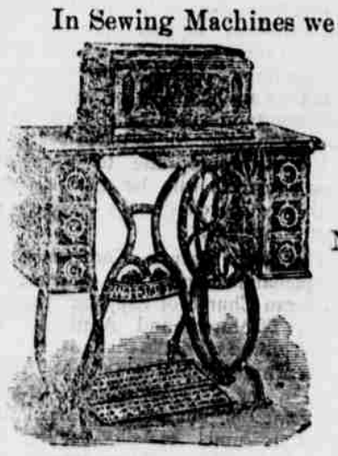

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AN OLD TALE REVAMPED.

A Washington Correspondent's Alliance Fabrications Easily Called Down.

Those of the Alliance leaders who have seen the remarkable letter of T. C. Crawford, a Washington correspondent, in a Chicago paper Monday are highly amused at his attempt to give the secret history of the late campaign. The letter revamps the southern management story, calls Mrs. Diggs and Mrs. Lease Chicago anarchists and declares that anarchy and socialism were features of Alliance discussions. He dwells on the military discipline at the election shown by the Alliance members.

In a word, as the Alliance leaders say, the most visionary and successful creators of Kansas Republican campaign literature never produced anything which was quite so startling in its character as this letter.

It is a well known fact, the Alliance leaders say, that no Confederate ever organized a single alliance in the state of Kansas. The national Alliance lecturer, Ben Terrell, of Texas, visited Kansas after the organization had assumed large proportions, made three or four lectures while here and in each one strongly advised against the formation of an independent political party. Because of this position he was not received with favor by Kansas Alliance men, and he was not encouraged to remain. President Polk visited Kansas for the first time early in July, when the people's party was already a decided venture. At that time he doubted the wisdom of the move, but did not presume to even advise Kansas men as to their political movements. The Farmers' Alliance, out of which the people's party grew, was entirely indigenous and was the legitimate outgrowth of conditions brought on, as Senator Plumb said in the senate, by the mischievous financial legislation which has been going on for the past twenty-five years.

The only women who took any prominent part in the campaign were Mrs. M. E. Lease and Mrs. Anna L. Diggs. They certainly cannot be accused of being representatives of the anarchist press of Chicago, or any other place. As one of the prominent leaders of the Alliance said this afternoon, they made "ballots not bullets, the foundation of their pleading on the platform." The very plan upon which the Farmers' Alliance is organized precludes the possibility of the existence of an inner circle which can in any way govern its action.

The statement that Judge Peffer was the choice of the Confederates and that he was elected United States senator at their dictation is absurd. Peffer was successful because he was shrewd and calculating and had the foresight to see that John J. Ingalls was certain of defeat at a time when the most sanguine of the Alliance people had no idea that such a thing was possible. Before the election he was the only Alliance candidate for Ingalls' place, and when the election took place and a majority of Alliance legislators were elected a large number of them were pledged to him.—Topeka Special to The Kansas City Times.

A Long Farewell.

The Farmers' Alliance has accomplished one good thing if it never does anything else of value. It has defeated the Hon. John J. Ingalls in Kansas. This happy circumstance can scarcely be overestimated. The benefit of it not only affects Kansas, but all America, because it removes one of the most powerful factors in the maintenance of sectional hatred. The one thing necessary for American greatness is American union.

Twenty-five or thirty years ago northern patriots preached us that doctrine with cannon and sword strokes. They emphasized their leaning in that direction by ruining our homes, devastating our fields and strewing our plains with corpses and ashes. Now, however, such union is exactly what some of them seem to fight, by tearing open anew our old wounds and keeping us in recollection of old injuries. Of such men Ingalls was perhaps the most powerful and the most conspicuous. To him, happily, we say a long farewell.—Memphis Times.

The Farmer in Politics.

At the annual meeting of the Wisconsin State Agricultural society President Parkinson delivered his annual address, devoting it wholly to the subject of "The Farmer in Politics," and holding emphatically the belief that one of the farmer's first duties was to be a politician. He predicted that unless legislation in the interest of the masses was soon had, half of the wealth of this country would be controlled by 10,000 men by the end of twenty-five years. He urged the election of farmers to state legislatures and to congress, and deplored the fact that there was scarcely enough farmers in congress to constitute an agricultural committee.

Boston bankers are reported as inserting a clause in mortgages and notes that payment shall be in gold or its equivalent. This is preparing for and discounting the possibility of free silver coinage. The eastern financiers want it known that they propose to deal in gold, and on a gold basis, whether the government does or not.—Denver Field and Farm.

All the legislatures in the western states are hard at work considering the bills demanded to be enacted by the farmers, and, what is more, when the bills are enacted they will all be good laws, good for all the people. Verily, this is a farmers' year.—Journal of Agriculture.

The Farmers' Alliance is spreading rapidly in Ontario. Considerable missionary work has recently been done by Alliance men from Kansas and other western states, and the Canadians are flocking into the organization.

An Indianapolis church member who subscribed to a church building fund attempted to wriggle out of it by claiming that the contract was illegal, as it was made on a Sunday, but the court has decided that he must pay up.

HAZING THE HAZERS.

A Vermonter and Another, Now a Senator, Who Were Equal to Emergencies.

"Talking of hazing," said a university club man the other evening in the hearing of a Kansas City *Star* reporter, "I'm here with some emphasis and accent to say it is not always a success. I was with a party of students once who, having set their academic hearts on hazing a rough and uncouth specimen from Vermont, repaired to his room about 11 o'clock one night to perform these rites. There were seven of the invaders, including myself, and we collected in the corridor outside the freshman's door. In order to be impressive in our entrance, at a given signal we hurled ourselves against the portal and burst it in. I recall a feeling of pride as the door went in at the success of this first step, but nothing distinctly afterward.

"In the dim religious light that sifted through the curtains from the swinging moon we beheld a long, sparse, and meager being who flew out of bed and fell upon us. He was silent as a bulldog, but quick and ferocious as a cat. I never saw such a creature. The whole affair did not last 10 minutes, and its close found myself and the other hazers battered and bruised and out in the hall.

"'I thought only one man inhabited that room,' said a sorrowful sophomore as he felt of his various features in an effort to measure the distance so far as he, personally, was affected. 'There are at least 10, for I counted them, to say nothing of the large African gorilla which threw me out, and which I take it they maintain as a pet.'

"There was no one in there, however, except that one Vermonter, and he did not even attempt to close the door after us, such was his contempt for our prowess.

"We did not go back into his room. We could have gone, of course, but we saw that it would consume a great deal of time and the hour was late.

"'Say, you Vermont man!' I said as we were about to leave, 'I trust you are not mean enough to report this to the faculty?'

"'Not at all,' he said. 'I like it. Come again any time you please.'

"Another time," continued the raconteur, "a party of us had been out on that sacred night, Halloween, tearing off gates and signs, and otherwise disporting ourselves after the fashion of college youth the world around. We had brought about a cord of broken store signs up to Jim Martin's room and were merrily burning them in his big fireplace. The ceremonies were at their height when two or three professors, excited to the movement by indignant townspeople, whose signs being ravished had followed us to the college gates, rapped loudly at the door for admission. Something had to be done, as it would never do to let in the professors and those broken evidences of our guilt around.

"A man by the name of Jack Nesbit, now a State senator in Nebraska, was equal to the pinch, however.

"It was a rule of the college that no professor should be denied entrance to a room, no matter the hour, unless the occupant was engaged in prayer. In event of the present progress of this religious exercise, the professor was made to wait until the 'amen,' and could in nowise complain.

"At the first rap Nesbit broke into prayer. In a loud sonorous tone he sought mercy for himself and his companions. Continuing, he beleaguered the throne of grace in behalf of the college, as well as the professors, singly and in a body. Next the students all came in for notice by name, and in bulk, as well as every attache of the place to the small person who cleaned knives and forks in the kitchen. No one was slighted or overlooked. Then Nesbit went for the Government, and prayed for the nation at large; then the President and his pressing needs were named, and Divinity was pleaded with for their fulfilment; then all the departments and various officers of State, and when they were exhausted all the States beginning with Maine and ending with California were interceded for. After this Jack went to Europe, and beginning with England related the necessities of each government, and sought their satisfaction. From there he went to Asia, to Africa, then to South America, and so on, until he was drifting among the islands which dot the Southern seas. Meanwhile the rest of us turned stokers, and crowded the signs into the fireplace, where they roared and leaped almost to the limits of a general conflagration. Just as Jack was landing at Auckland the last splinter went up in smoke and the disgusted professors were let in. The prayer must have been almost an hour long, and as the teachers filed in Nesbit closed with some quotation from St. Mark which refers to those who, seeking a sign, shall find it not."

A Simple Ceremony.

The marriage ceremony practiced by the people of Borneo is very short and simple. Bride and groom are brought out before the assembled tribe with great solemnity, and seated side by side. A betel nut is then cut in two by the medicine woman of the tribe, and one half is given to the bride and the other half to the groom. They begin to chew the nut, and then the old woman, after some sort of incantation, knocks their heads together and they are declared man and wife.

An Interesting Session.

Sunday School Teacher—And when the wicked children continued mocking the good prophet, two she bears came out of the mountain, and ate up over forty of the wicked children. Now, boys, what lesson does this teach us?

Jimpsy Primrose—I know.

Teacher—Well, Jimpsy?

Jimpsy Primrose—It teaches us how many children a she bear can hold.—[Boston Courier.

Many men owe the grandeur of their lives to their tremendous difficulties.—[Spurgeon.

THE PRODIGALS.

"Princes! and you most valorous
Nobles! and barons of all degrees!
Hearken awhile to the prayer of us—
Beggars that come from the over-seas!
Nothing we ask or of gold or fees;
Harry us not with the hounds, we pray;
Lo!—for the surcoat's hem we seize—
Give us—ah! give us—but Yesterday.

Dames, most delicate, amorous!
Damosels, blithe as the belted bees!
Hearken awhile to the prayer of us—
Beggars that come from the over-seas!
Nothing we ask of the things that please;
Weary are we, and worn, and gray;
Lo!—for we clutch and we clasp your knees—
Give us—ah! give us—but Yesterday!

"Damosels, dames, be piteous!"
(But the dames rode fast by the roadway trees).
"Hear us, O knights magnanimous!"
(But the knights pricked on in their panoplies).
Nothing they gat or of hope or ease,
But only to beat on the breast and say:
"Life we drank to the dregs and lees;
Give us—ah! give us—but Yesterday!"

ENVOY.

Youth, take heed to the prayer of these!
Many there be by the dusty way—
Many that cry to the rocks and seas:
"Give us—ah! give us—but Yesterday!"
—[Austin Dobson,

What May Be Patented.

A United States patent will be granted to any person who has invented or discovered any new and useful art, machine, manufacture, or improvement thereof, not known or used by others in this country, and not patented or described in any printed publication in this nor any other country, before his discovery or invention thereof, and not in public use nor on sale for more than two years prior to his application, unless the same is proven to have been abandoned.

In this connection the word "art" means the process or method of producing an old or new result. If a method of doing anything contains one or more new steps, the process is new and patentable.

The word "machine" means any device or thing by means of which a mechanical result may be produced, such as a pin, a churn, or a locomotive.

The word "manufacture" means a made up article, such as furniture, clothing, harness, and the thousands of things which are offered for sale. "Composition of matter" means a chemical compound of ingredients, such as hard rubber, liquid glue, medicine, etc.

Patents may also be obtained for designs for manufactures and works of art, for three, seven, and ten years.

Trade marks may be registered for any arbitrary sign or symbol which is not descriptive; the Government fee is $25. Such marks are the exclusive property of the registrar for 30 years, and the time may be extended.

A "label" is any descriptive tag, print, or impression to be placed upon any article or its case, and it may be registered for 28 years. The Government fee for a "label" is $6; but if it contains any special mark or symbol, the office decides it to be a "Trade mark" instead of a label.

The Use of Tears.

The use of tears is not generally appreciated, even by those who shed them most freely, says the Newcastle *Chronicle*. It is assumed that tears are shed occasionally as an expression of grief, though tears of joy are not wholly unknown. This, however, is a mistake, for the discharge of tears is continuous and the flow of moisture from the lachrymal glands serves a very beautiful provision of nature. An immense quantity of fine dust is always floating in the air, and though this is impalpable to the vision, it would soon obscure the sight if allowed to remain in the eyes. The continuous flow of moisture from the lachrymal glands is sufficient to keep the eyeballs clear from this accumulation of dust, but when any grit, insect, or smoke gets into the eyes it so affects the nerves as to cause an extra flow of tears to clear it away. Tears are thus involuntary, and may be caused by any pungent vapor, such as arise from acids or the odor of onions. The chief element in the composition of a tear is water, but with water is associated minute proportions of salt, soda, phosphate of lime, phosphate of soda, and mucus; and when seen under the microscope a tear after evaporation looks like a very small fish bone, owing to the salines forming themselves into lengthened crosslines.

Medical Training and the Languages.

In a recent address before one of the largest medical associations in the United States, the speaker argued that the medical student's work should begin with his academic life; that the selection of a career in medicine being determined upon, attention should be given to the cultivation of the mind in the study of Latin, Greek, German, French, physics, etc., to the exclusion of the higher mathematics. Every one admits that a knowledge of Latin is essential to intelligent medical training, and when one is reminded that practically one-half of the words in Dunglison's Medical Dictionary are of Greek origin, it is not difficult to become convinced that this dead language is equally essential. As far as medicine is concerned, nothing can be more deplorable than the decline of Greek in the classical curriculum. In Hungary according to a recent letter in the New York *Times*, it has been abolished, while in Italy it is treated as an optional aid to philology. The importance of German and French may be appreciated when it is estimated that about one-half of current medical literature appears in these languages.—[Harper's Weekly.

And Waterburys at $3 Each.

The people of the island of Sangir keep time by the aid of an hour glass formed by arranging two bottles neck to neck. The sand runs out in half an hour, when the bottles are reversed. Close by them a line is stretched on which hang 12 sticks marked with notches from one to 12, with a hooked stick which is placed between the hour last struck and the next one. One of these djaga keeps the time for each village, for which purpose the hours are sounded on a gong by the keeper.

SPRING OPENING!

TRIMMED HATS AND BONNETS.

Tuesday, March 24, 1891.

MISS H. E. WASLEY.

Next door to I. W. Hartman, Main street.

This key opens the door of the Yates' Stores, now both consolidated at Thirteenth and Chestnut streets. We are no more at the Ledger Building. In the future come to this handsome new store for your own or your boy's Clothing. Our motto of the past is still our guide—HONEST GOODS, STRAIGHT DEALING, LOW PRICES.

A. C. YATES & CO.

Cor. 13th and Chestnut Sts.

PHILADELPHIA.

MANY PEOPLE

Look forward to Spring before they will think of taking any thing for the blood. But now is the time to begin and then you will be ready with a good clear brain to do in the Spring what you would have to do later on, as the system is in good condition for bright prospects.

—:o:—

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DOUBLE EXTRACT

SARSAPARILLA!

—IS THE—

GREATEST BLOOD PURIFIER OF THE DAY

and easily cures all diseases arising from bad blood, such as ECZEMA, ITCH, SALT RHEUM, ERYSIPELAS, SCROFULA, PIMPLES, BOILS, RING WORMS, ULCERATIONS, and for FEMALE DISEASES it acts like magic as a tonic and strengthener.

—:o:—

MANNERS' Double Extract Sarsaparilla.

Can be found for sale at all Drug Stores.

—:o:—

PRICE, - - - 50 CENTS A BOTTLE.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH. RED CROSS. DIAMOND BRAND.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

THE ORIGINAL AND GENUINE. The only Safe, Sure, and reliable Pill for sale. Ladies, ask Druggists for *Chichester's English Diamond Brand* in Red and Gold metallic boxes sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other kind. *Refuse Substitutions and Imitations.* All pills in pasteboard boxes, pink wrappers, are dangerous counterfeits. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials, and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. *Name Paper.* CHICHESTER CHEMICAL CO., Madison Square, PHILADELPHIA, PA. Sold by all Local Druggists.

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Bell-cap-sic PLASTERS.

THE BEST POROUS PLASTERS IN THE WORLD.

Will instantly relieve all pains such as **RHEUMATISM, KIDNEY PAINS, LAME BACK, &c.**

25 cents at Druggists. GROSVENOR & RICHARDS, Boston, Mass.

WELL BRED SOON WED.

Girls who use SAPOLIO are QUICKLY MARRIED

SAPOLIO is one of the best known city luxuries and each time a cake is used an hour is saved. On floors, tables and painted work it acts like a charm. For scouring pots, pans and metals it has no equal. If your store-keeper does not keep it you should insist upon his doing so, as it always gives satisfaction and its immense sale all over the United States makes it an almost necessary article to any well supplied store. Everything shines after its use, and even the children delight in using it in their attempts to help around the house.

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ARE THE STRONGEST.

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—NERVES—

an effectual cure for Inflammation and Irritation of the BLADDER, KIDNEYS and LIVER, Stone in the Bladder, Calculus, Gravel and Brick-dust Deposits, Weakness in Males or Female. As a Restorative Tonic and a Blood Purifier it has no equal, creating a healthy appetite and pure blood.

PRICE 50 CENTS.

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The Best Burning Oil That Can be Made From Petroleum.

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We Challenge Comparison with any other illuminating oil made.

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Can also furnish any of the cheaper makes at manufacturers' prices. Do not buy a piano before getting our prices.

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SIMPLY ASTONISHING.

Any person, young or old, can read all the notes in music within 5 minutes after commencing, by using

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without any other instruction, this we positively guarantee. For sale by all first-class Music Dealers throughout the United States or mailed direct to your address on receipt of price, $1.00.

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"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—*Civil Service Gazette.* Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in half pound tins, by grocers, labelled thus: JAMES EPPS & CO., -

The Columbian.

ESTABLISHED 1806.

The Columbia Democrat,

ESTABLISHED 1837. CONSOLIDATED 1869.

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All communications should be addressed to THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.

FRIDAY MARCH 20th 1891.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From our Regular Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, Mar. 16, 1891.

Mr. Harrison has given no sign that he intends to remove the present head of the Pension bureau, notwithstanding the damaging facts brought out by the Congressional so-called investigation into the peculiar business methods of Gen. Raum, although he has had his attention called to the matter by a very prominent member of his party, who, I have reason to know, told him that Raum and his wild-cat speculations and his proven obligations to the king of the pension sharks was more than he should attempt to carry. Raum has within a week, boasted to a personal friend that he was all right and would not be disturbed.

A democratic Representative said to me to-day: Looking at the matter from a political point of view, I hope that Harrison will not kick Raum out now, because, if he is left in his position until next winter the democratic House will snow him and his methods up in a manner that will disgust all decent men, whatever may be their political affiliations, and it will help us greatly in the Presidential campaign. But whether Raum goes or stays we shall investigate the Pension Office, which I am satisfied is honey-combed with fraud, that can easily be discovered, if it is fearlessly and honestly looked for."

The air of mystery which always prevails around the State department is just now very much intensified, owing to the fact that Mr. Blaine and Sir Julian Pauncefote are deep into the negotiations preliminary to the arbitration of the Behring Sea question, which Mr. Blaine is pleased to think or to pretend to think that he has compelled Great Britain to accept, although all the rest of the world knows that he never made the slightest progress toward a settlement of the dispute, until he returned to the position maintained by Mr. Bayard under the Cleveland administration. These negotiations are not conducted at the department. Oh, no. There are too many prying newspaper men always on the watch, so whenever Mr. Blaine has any very important business on hand it is transacted at his private residence. The administration feels very much relieved at the prospect of a peaceful settlement of this question, having last fall become fully satisfied that the sentiment of the country was opposed to any unnecessary display of "jingoism."

Mr. Harrison was anxious to find a good reason for not appointing the new Circuit Judges created by the late Congress until next winter, doubtless believing that the longer they can be held the greater their value in votes at the next republican national convention, so he referred the matter to Attorney General Miller, expecting that he would render an opinion against his right to make the appointments during the recess of Congress. But the Attorney General, following the excellent example of Solicitor General Jenks in a similar case that occurred under Mr. Cleveland, has given his opinion in favor of the President's right to make the appointments at any time. Between this opinion and the clamorings of the republican applicants and their friends, Mr. Harrison will find it difficult to postpone the matter very long, although he still professes to be in doubt as to his right to make them until Congress is in session.

Treasurer Huston is again at his desk, although he cannot hide his anxiety to have his resignation accepted in order that he may feel at liberty to express his opinion of Mr. Harrison and his administration. An attempt was made to get him out of the way by giving him a foreign appointment, but he refused to be caught, and says that he intends to return to Indiana for the express purpose of taking an active part in politics, which is interpreted to mean that he will do his level best to prevent that state endorsing Mr. Harrison.

If things go on for a few days longer as they have for several days past, there will not be a democrat employee left in the government printing office. It is customary to largely reduce the force shortly after the adjournment of Congress, and that reduction is now being made, and the discharged people are nearly all democrats, or women who owe their appointments to democrats.

Prof. Charles W. Smiley, special agent of the Census for the collection of the fish and fishery statistics, is under charges. His work is said to be practically worthless, although it has cost a large sum of money.

The adage "a woman is at the bottom of everything," is brought to mind by the claim of a female lobbyist, who by the way is also in the employment of the Government, that she killed the Wanamaker postal telegraph bill in the House Postoffice committee, and that the money she used was furnished by Jay Gould. Perhaps she is only trying to divert suspicion from the eminent republicans who actually did disburse Gould's money here.

THE LEGISLATURE.

Last week the ballot bill caused a windy war. This week the revenue bill comes up, and while it will likely cause infinite discussion, it will not be disposed of in a day, as was the former measure. It is made a continuing order until passed or defeated and may take up nearly all the legislative week.

In what shape it will find itself, when the house gets through with it, is a hard matter to predict. It was to be made a caucus measure last week, which might be taken as an indication that the republican majority does not intend to make a party matter of it.

The fact is that the bill so completely revolutionizes the method of taxing corporate and other personal property that nearly every one is at sea upon it. Its supporters claim that it will fairly and justly equalize taxation and relieve real estate, while its opponents charge that it is unjust, impracticable and unconstitutional.

THE HOUSE.

Bills were introduced in the house by Mr. Wherry, of Cumberland, requiring dental colleges and dentists to have a magneto electro machine in their establishment; also providing for tht protection of bona fide purchasers of land, who have purchased, believing the title to be valid; by Mr. Lytle, of Huntingdon, providing for the selection of a site for the erection of a hospital for the chronic insane; by Mr. Morrow, of Indiana, authorizing the Indiana normal school to place a mortgage of $50,000 on its property; by Mr. Eby, of Lancaster, providing for the establishment of an additional orphans' court in Lancaster county; by Mr Ransley, of Philadelphia, providing for the election of school controllers, the commencement of their terms, and terms of those now in office; by Mr. Stewart, Philadelphia, regulating the employment of janitors in cities of the first class; by Mr. Riter, Philadelphia, defining the status of fraternal societies, exempting them from the supervision of the insurance commissioners; by Mr. Gillan, Franklin, extending the act of '85 relative to jurors to criminal cases.

Mr. Brown, of Crawford, called up his resolution to place on the calender the bill requiring railroads to fence their property in Crawford county. It was defeated by a vote of 87 yeas to 49 nays.

Mr. Tool, of Snyder, succeeded in having his fish basket bill placed on the calender by a vote of 131 to 10, and Mr. Fitzharris, of Cambria, was likewise fortunate regarding his measure providing for the uniformity of text books. The vote was 103 to 34.

Mr. Baker, of Montgomery, called up his resolution to put on the calender the bill providing for an annual meeting of representative school directors, but it was defeated by a vote of 72 yeas to 52 nays.

THE SENATE.

Bills were read in place as follows;

By Mr. Grady, to protect the public highways, roads and streets within this commonwealth. [The bill requires that all wagons used in carrying heavy burdens shall have tires not less than six inches wide, common light spring wagon, pleasure wagon, &c., carrying less than 1,600 pounds, being exempt from the provisions of the bill, the penalty for violation being $10 fine on each vehicle used without such six inch tire.]

By Mr. Robbins, to provide for the expense of the care and treatment of indigent chronic insane in county or city almshouses. [The bill provides for the payment by the state to counties $1 on each chronic insane patient maintained.]

By Mr. Robinson, fixing the day of election officers at $3 per day, except in cities of the first class.

By Mr. Rapsher, providing for the payment of losses occasioned by the killing of horses condemned by the proper state officers, under the act of June 2, 1887. [The bill provides for the appropriation of $685 to pay owners for horses affected with glanders and killed by orders of the state board of agriculture.

By Mr. Robinson, providing for the election of a clerk of the court of quarter sessions of Delaware county.

Mr. Grady reported from committee the sinking fund bill, and at his request that measure was read the first time.

The oppressed subjects of European governments turn to this country for free homes, free laws and for the free use of Salvation Oil for their pains.

It is the slight cold frequently contracted that finally undermines the system. Use Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup in the beginning stages and be cured.

A MOB IN NEW ORLEANS.

ELEVEN MEN LYNCHED IN PRISON.

The people of New Orleans last Saturday wreaked vengeance on the supposed assassins of Chief of Police Hennessy of that city, who were acquitted on Friday by a jury supposed to have been corrupted, and broke the power of the secret society called the Mafia which has terrorized that community for years past Thirty people have been killed by them in the past sixteen years, and no convictions have followed

A mass-meeting was held around the statute of Henry Clay at 10 o'clock and addressed by eminent citizens.

The crowd numbering several thousand, then proceeded to the Parish Prison, into which they forced an entrance, and there shot, beat, and strangled to death eleven of the Italians charged with Hennessy's murder.

Right or wrong, the events of that day have the moral support of a large proportion of the best citizens of New Orleans.

The following is given as a formal statement in behalf of the people, of the actuating cause which led to the tragedy as ascertained from interviews with a number of prominent citizens, some of them active participants in the stirring events.

On Oct. 15, 1890, about 11 o'clock at night, D. C. Hennessy, Chief of Police of the city of New Orleans, going from his office to his home, was waylaid and shot to pieces by a band of Italian assassins, armed with such blunderbusses as could only have been made and used for the purpose of assassination

The indignation and excitement were such that mob law and lynching were about to be resorted to. The entire community felt that in the endeavor to reach the guilty parties innocent Italians might be sacrificed.

To allay the excitement and to assist the constitutional authorities, the Mayor of the city appointed a committee of fifty representative citizens to take charge of the investigations and to aid in the trial and conviction of the assassins. This method arrested violence.

The Committee entered upon its work, and, at a mass meeting subsequeutly held in front of the City Hall, the action of the Committee was ratified, and they were encouraged to continue their labors to secure the prosecution and trial by the courts.

After months of preparation and a trial which continued three weeks, and in which distinguished counsel assisted the able District Attorney, a jury charged to have been bribed and corrupted, in the face of testimony establishing their guilt rendered a verdict of mis-trial as to three and acquitted three. Three more were on trial and acquitted because of insufficient evidence.

The acquittal of Macheca, the chief conspirator, and of Marchesi and Bagnette and the mis-trial as to Pollitz, Scoffedi and Monasterio, fell like a thunderbolt upon the community and impressed law abiding citizens with the conviction that the laws have been violated, that the verdict invited assassination and the engrafting of the Italian Mafia upon American Institutions

The feeling grew strong that for selfpreservation the people must assume the authority which they had delegated to the courts and the courts were powerless to enforce; this feeling increased until it found vent in the mass meeting

This uprising of the people to secure the punishment of the assassins who struck down their chief officer of police in the night time with assassination was orderly and the people dispersed quietly as soon as their work of vindication was done

The facts given above are taken from dispatches that appeared in last Sunday's papers. Whatever the provocation may have been, it is not likely that the deliberate judgment of the American people will approve of the action of the mob, even though led by "prominent citizens." Italian residents of this country are asking for protection, and the affair may lead to complications with the Italian government.

Senator Herring has introduced a bill providing for an additional law judge in Lycoming county.

The counties that will each lose a member of the Legislature under the next Legislative apportionment are Adams, Bedford, Bradford, Chester, Clarion, Columbia, Crawford, Huntingdon, Indiana, Lancaster, Lawrence, Mercer, Schuylkill, Somerset and Wayne. Allegheny will gain four members, going up from sixteen to twenty, and each of the following counties gain one: Blair, Clearfield, Jefferson, Lackawanna, Luzerne and Northumberland. Philadelphia will retain her present number of Representatives, thirty-nine.

A good large house and stable for rent in the central part of town, by M. P. Lutz.

THOMAS GORREY.

CONTRACTOR and BUILDER.

Plans and Estimates on all kinds of buildings. Repairing and carpenter work promptly attended to.

Dealer in Builder's Supplies.

Inside Hardwood finishes a specialty.

Persons of limited means who desire to build can pay part and secure balance by mortgages.

MKILLIP BRO'S. Photographers. Only the best work done. Finest effects in light, and shade; negatives retouched and modeled for superior finish. Copying, viewing and life size crayons.

Over H. J. ClarK & Sons store.

BLOOMSBURG.

10,000 AGENTS WANTED to supply the imperative demand for 500,000 copies of the only able and authentic Life of Gen. WM. TECUMSEH SHERMAN By MAJ. GEN. HOWARD and W. FLETCHER JOHNSON. This work is a splendidly written Life story of the Hero of "Marching through Georgia"—his romantic youth—Brilliant Career in War—Patriotic Manhood—Beautiful Old Age—of thrilling interest—Richly illustrated, and will have an Enormous sale. 12 mo. 600 pp. low price. $20 to $50 per week for Agents Send 35c. for outfit or best terms to HUBBARD BROS., Pubs., 406 Race St., Philada

WANTED SALESMEN to Sell our NURSERY STOCK.

All goods warranted first-class. Permanent profitable position for the right man. Cash paid weekly. No experience necessary. Write for terms, giving age and references. C. L. YATES, Nurserymen, Rochester, N. Y.

IF YOU ARE IN NEED OF

CARPET, MATTING,

or OIL CLOTH,

YOU WILL FIND A NICE LINE AT

W. H. BROWER'S

2nd Door above Court House.

A new lot of Window Curtains received this week.

ALEXANDER BROTHERS & CO.

DEALERS IN

Cigars, Tobacco, Candies, Fruits and Nuts

SOLE AGENTS FOR

Henry Maillard's Fine Candies. Fresh Every Week.

PENNY GOODS A SPECIALTY.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

F. F. Adams & Co's Fine Cut Chewing Tobacco

Sole agents for the following brands of Cigars:

Henry Clay, Londres, Normal, Indian Princess, Samson, Silver Ash.

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W. C. FRICK & CO.,

—— BAPTIZED AND ITS NAME IS ——

THE PEOPLE'S STORE!

8117 PEOPLE ATTENDED

THE GRAND OPENING.

Never in the history of Danville has there been witnessed such an enthusiastic reception as was extended to

"The People's Store."

Men, Women and Children flocked from all directions to greet the launching of the new enterprise. There is but one way for us to repay you for your hearty response to our invitation, and that is by selling you Good Goods at the lowest market prices.

We have the largest and best assorted stock of Dress Goods, Silks, Plushes, Domestics, Prints, Ginghams, Notions, Hosiery, Underwear, Gloves, Cloaks, Capes, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Hardware and oils, Groceries and Queensware, in this section of Pennsylvania, and we have it for sale in the Handsomest Store Room in the State.

Our opening will be continued the balance of this week.

Respectfully,

"THE PEOPLE'S STORE."

MAKE A NOTE OF IT

We begin the New Year by Marking Down all

WINTER CLOTHING.

STORM COATS AT COST.

OVERCOATS at COST.

CHILDREN AND BOYS,

OLD AND YOUNG,

CAN BUY CHEAPER THAN EVER AT

LOWENBERG'S

POPULAR CLOTHING STORE.

CLOSING OUT GOLD PENS AND PENCILS AT COST, at

J. G. WELLS.'

Bring Your Watch, Clock, and Jewelry work to J. G. WELLS.

EYES FITTED FOR GLASSES FREE OF CHARGE—AT

J. G. WELLS,

COLUMBIAN BUILDING.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE COLUMBIAN.

Entered at the Post Office at Bloomsburg, Pa., as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, MARCH 20th, 1891.

Special inducements in rolled plate chains at J. G. Wells'

If you decide from what you have heard or read, that you will take Hood's Sarsaparilla, do not be induced to buy any substitute instead.

Rebecca Carmen of Benton, has rereceived a nice assortment of Millinery goods from New York and Philadelphia. The latest styles, and prices as low as can be found, if not lower, to which she invites the attention of the public. Thankful for past patronage, she hopes for a continuance of the same.

Mrs. Jonn A. Michael of Lime Ridge is selling an excellent hair tonic and restorer. She does not pretend that it will produce hair where the roots are destroyed, but it will stregthen the scalp and hair roots to such a degree that the loss of hair is soon arrested. The Renewer does not contain any coloring matter nor any ingredient injurious to health. Mrs Michael's husband is seriously ill, and she deserves liberal patronage.

Henry Shipton of this town has the agency for a book entitled "The Pathway of Life" by Rev. T. Dewitt Talmage. It is a book for the home, a blessed guest at the fireside, destined to lead the young and the old into paths of happiness. It contains a series of matchless essays, and includes sketches, incidents and thrilling episodes in the lives of mighty men, celebrated women, and heroes, with discriptions of many famous battles, all finely illustrated, with nearly 300 engravings. The price of the book is $3.50 in cloth, $4.00 in half morocco, $5.00 in full morocco.

The Kingston *Times* says that Albert Lewis' recent trip to Europe was in the interest of the Lehigh Valley Co., and it is stated on good authority that he purchased for the Valley Co., the tract of land around Harvey's Lake that has been owned by the English syndicate. The tract contains thirty thousand acres and the railroad company already owned as much. This gives the company 60,000 acres of the best timberland in the country, and which it will require years to clean. There are already 350 men at work for Albert Lewis, clearing the forests, and several sawmills are in operation. Another year will probably find a thousand men at work in the country around the lake. The men are paid from $135 to $175 a day, and work is steady-three hundred and twelve days in a year for those who wish it.

No more completely illustrated copy of the Cosmopolitan has ever gone out than that for April. Miss Elizabeth Bisland, always a bright and attractive writer, is fairly fascinating in her description of dancing, the eldest of the arts, and the illustrations charmingly interpret the article itself. The executive mansion, the "White House," always an object of interest to the people of the United States, and one of the first points to be visited by those who go to Washington, is described by Mr. George Grantham Bain, the Washington correspondent, while the interior is illustrated with many views taken specially for The Cosmopolitan by permission of the President.

Perhaps the feature which will appeal most strongly to literary people, is Brander Matthews' article on the Women Writers of America. Mr. Matthews' criticism should be read by every American woman who writes for the press, for magazines, or for the book publisher. Mrs. Cruger, Amelie Rives, and all the best known modern writers, come in for a touch of criticism.

The Nicaragua Canal is described and illustrated by Harvey, and the Japanese theatre by Miss Scidmore. Samples are given of the best work of Meissonier, and Frederic Villiers tells the curious story of a war correspondent's life.

The frontispiece is a portrait of General Sherman, drawn by Gribayrdoff, and Sherman and Bismarck come in for the major part of Murat Halstead's Review of Current Events. (Price 25 cents, *Cosmopolitian* Publishing Company, Madison Square, New York.)

FOR SALE.—Three valuable building lots for sale on 4th St. west of Market, by

6-3t. J. H. Maize.

Houses to rent, apply to Mrs. Rachel Robbins. First Street Bloomsburg.

DIED.

Died of pnenmonia in Orange twp. on the 12 inst. Thomas J. Evans, age 17 years, 11 months and 12 days.

Crushed by a Mass of Coal.

The Morris Ridge Colliery, near Centralia, was the scene of a sad fatality last Friday. While Samuel Coak, a miner, and his laborer, Thomas Corrican, were engaged in mining coal, the roof suddenly fell upon them, crushing their bodies in a terrible manner Corrican was rescued alive, but it is believed that he has sustained internal injuries which will cause his death. Coak was dead when found.

A fine assortment of shades for incandescent lamps have just been received by S. F. Peacock & Co. 2t.

POULTRY NOTES.

No. 8.

The early bird catches the worm; it is also the early worm that gets caught.

The same may be said of early chicken raising; it is best if you have a suitable place, to hatch a few early chicks, but if you have not they will surely get caught.

Dont make the mistake of putting too many eggs under the hen, in cold weather, as the outside ones are apt to get chilled, and as the hen changes the position of the eggs they will all in turn get to the outside, and a poor hatch will be the result.

Pick out your best male and a few of your best females, place them by themselves, and breed from them alone, thereby bringing your flock to a higher standard.

Don't set your hens in the same box every year, for no doubt it is full of vermin; burn it, and make an entirely new one, and you will save yourself and chickens from being pestered with lice.

The time to do this is now, before you forget it; if left till the hen wants to set you w ll not have time.

Saturate your roosting poles thoroughly with coal oil before spring opens, as that will destroy both lice and nits that may be waiting for warm weather to do their work.

W. B. GERMAN.

Sutherland Again arrested.

H. E. Sutherland, the Hazleton merchant, whose arrrest for violating the postal laws gave rise to such a sensation, was arrested at his home in Hazleton by Detective Jas. O'Brien, and taken to Wilkes-barre last Thursday afternoon. He was taken immediately before United States Commissioner Hahn, where he was met by his counsel, Hon. John Lynch. The arrest was made on the following warrant, issued at Pittsburg: "H. E. Sutherland, of Hazleton, did knowingly cause to be deposited for mailing and delivering a certain obscene, lewd and lascivious paper and print of an indecent character addressed to Rev. Monroe, D. S, Altoona, Pa." Sutherland was held in $6000 bail on these charges for appearance before the United States Court. Sampson Smith, of Hazleton, became his bondsman.

The Celebrated Pacing Stallion, Frank M. record 2.17½, standard and registered No. 69, will make the season of 1891 at Bloomsburg, at the barn of C E. Winner, in the rear of the Central Hotel, beginning Tuesday noon, April 7th, and will remain until Wednesday about 4 o'clock, and every two weeks during the season, on Tuesdays and Wednesdays.

Frank M. is a strawberry roan, stands 16 hands high, and in good flesh will weigh 1150 pounds, heavy bone and muscle, good disposition, and combines more good qualities for speed and endurance and for general purposes, than any other stallion in the State.

PEDIGREE.—Frank M. No. 69, was sired by Charley Brister, No. 68, he by Charley Brister, No. 58, he by Copper Bottom, Dam Blue Bull, No. 26, second dam by Legal Tender. His pedigree shows that he combines some of the best strains of blood for speed in the United States. Frank M. has proved himself a sure foal getter and can show as fine and uniform a lot of colts as can be produced. They are smooth built and heavy bone, and for their age some of them show remarkable speed. They command a large price and quick sale.

TERMS.—$50 to insure. Anyone parting with mare will be responsible for the fee. All accidents to mare at risk of owner. For further particulars address, THOMPSON & HAIGHT, Luzerne, Pa. 3 20-2m.

A Choice List of Summer Resorts.

In the Lake regions of Wisconsin, Northern Michigan, Minnesota, Iowa and the two Dakotas, there are hundreds of charming localities pre-eminently fitted for summer homes. Among the following selected list are names familiar to many of our readers as the perfection of Northern summer resorts. Nearly all of the Wisconsin points of interest are within a short distance from Chicago or Milwaukee, and none of them are so far away from the "busy marts of civilization" that they cannot be reached in a few hours of travel, by frequent trains, over the finest roads in the northwest the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, and Milwaukee & Northern Railroad:

Oconomowoc, Wis.	Clear Lake, Iowa.
Minocqua, Wis.	Lakes Okoboji, Ia.
Waukesha, Wis.	Spirit Lake, Iowa.
Palmyra, Wis.	Frontenac, Minn.
Tomahawk Lakes, Wis.	Lake Minnetonka, Minn.
Lakeside, Wis.	Ortonville, Minn.
Kilbourn City, Wis.	Prior Lake; Minn.
(Dells of the Wisconsin.)	White Bear Lake, Minn.
Beaver Dam, Wis.	Lake Madison
Madison, Wis.	So. Dakota.
Delavan, Wis	Big Stone Lake, So.
Sparta, Wis	Dakota.
Pewaukee, Wis.	Elkhart Lake, Wis.
Waasaukee, Wis.	Ontonagan, Mich.
Marquette, Mich.	Mackinaw, Mich.

For detailed information, apply to any coupon ticket agent, or send stamp for a free illnstrated tourist folder, to Geo. H. Heafford, General Passenger Agent, Chicago, Ill.

A Great Spring Tour to Florida via Pennsylvania Railroad.

By reason of the enormous popularity accorded the Pennsylvania Railroad's personally-conducted tours to Florida during the winter and spring of 1891 the company has decided to run the sixth and last on March 31st.

It will differ in many points from the others. Going south the tourists will travel in a special train of Pullman Sleeping and Dining Cars similar in every respect to the trains used on previous excursions. The excursion tickets, which will be sold at a rate of $50 from New York and $48 from Philadelphia, will include Pullman accommodations and meals *en route* on the south-bound trip, and railroad transportation only on the north-bound trip. They will be valid for return trip on regular trains up to May 30th, 1891. Fifteen days from the date they leave Jacksonville will be allowed tourists to reach Philadelphia or New York, and during those fifteen days they can stop off at points designated on the tickets.

A Tourist Agent and chaperon will accompany the party south.

The unusual limit of the tickets and privileges accorded will afford an excellent opportunity of a lengthy visit in the Sonth.

The Spring Medicine.

The popularity which Hood's Sarsaparilla has gained as a spring medicine is wonderful. It possesses just those elements of healthgiving, blood-purifying and appetite-restoring which everybody seems to need at this season. Do not continue in a dull, tired, unsatisfactory condition when you may be so much benefited by Hood's Sarsaparilla. It purifies the blood and makes the weak strong.

General Sherman as a Cadet.

A man who was well acquainted with General Sherman the other day said: "The things that General Sherman seemed to have excelled in later in life were those in which he was the most deficient in while at West Point. During the time he was a cadet he never was selected as a cadet officer or even a non-commissioned officer, as he was never deemed soldierly enough.

"As to the General's standing in his class when he graduated, he was seventh in engineering, seventh in ethics, fourth in minerology and geology, twelfth in infantry tactics, eighth in artillery tactics, and in deportment he ranked 216 out of a class of 233. Now the idea that a good scholar will not make a good commanding officer is disproved in this case. Had it not been for the General's low average in conduct, he would have in all probability been a star scholar; that is, he would have had a star affixed to his name, as the first five men are given this honor. The General's low grade was not due to bad conduct, but to his unsoldierly appearance."

Heed The Warning

It is not infrequently the case that itching pimples and irritating "cat boils" are the forerunners of larger boils, or the more serious carbuncles. Invariably Nature puts out her danger signals, and they should be heeded at once. The pimples and little boils show that the blood is not in a good condition and nature is trying to relieve the system. A few doses of Swift's Specific at this juncture willaccomplish wonders. The eruption will be healed and the system cleansed of its impurities. The modern paraphrase of the old saying, "A stitch in time, etc., is that "Timely stitches will save nine pairs of breeches." The modern form has a touch of humor that does not modify the truth of it. In that vein, we may say that a course of Swift's Specific prevents ills terrific.

Novel Tours to the Pacific Coast via Pennsylvania Railroad

The early spring always attracts the tourist, and of late years many travelers who have neglected their own country for European wanderings have been brought to some sense of realization of the wonders of their own country, and have profited by visiting and informing themselves of it. An ocean voyage has its many disadvantages, which do not attach to the Pennsylvania Railroad's personally conducted tours to the Golden Gate. The magnificent Vestibule Pullman Palace Trains are luxuriously equipped and manned by the most efficient crews. The tourists are under the charge of a Tourist Agent and Chaperon, and have at their call for ready service a ladies' maid, a stenographer, and typewriter. The two remaining tours will leave New York Thursday, March 26th and Tuesday, April 14th, and the round-trip rates will be $275 and $300 respectively. The latter tour will run via Portland and Tacoma returning. The rate includes Pullman accommodations, meals *en route* going and returning, six side trips, and several carriage rides. For itineraries and space application should be made without delay to Geo. W. Boyd, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Philadelphia, or to Tourist Agent, Pennsylvania Railroad Company 233 South Fourth Street, Philadelphia, or 849 Broadway, N. Y.

A $10,000,000 Claim.

FREMONT'S HEIRS BRING SUIT AGAINST THE UNITED STATES.

The Rev. W. R. Covert, of Findlay, Ohio, has retained counsel to press the claim of himself and the heirs of General John C. Fremont to the ownership of Bird Island in the Bay of San Francisco. The amount involved is estimated at over $10,000,000. General Fremont, when Military Governor of California, purchased the island from Mexico. Uncle Sam repudiated the purchase and declined to either buy from the Pathfinder or reimburse him. However, the government some years later took possession of the island, which is the key to San Francisco harbor, and erected fortifications and a light house upon it at a cost of over $9,000,000.

General Fremont sought relief from Congress in vain. Some time before he died being low in funds, he secured financial aid from the Rev. Mr. Covert giving therefor an option on a half interest in the island. He intended to press his claim, but death intervened. Mrs. Jessie Benton Fremont and her son will now join in the proceedings before the Court of Claims.

AN UNEQUALLED OPPORTUNITY.

An unequalled opportunity for a profitable investment in town lots on easy terms in a healthy and prosperous locality.

The Bloomsburg Land Improvement Company offer at public sale about Five Hundred Building Lots, situate in the thriving and progressive town of Bloomsburg, Penna.

The lots are forty feet in front and about 150 feet in depth.

TERMS OF SALE, the highest and best bidder the buyer, twenty-five dollars down, the balance in monthly payments of five dollars with interest. Deferred payments secured by bond and mortgage. A deed in fee simple to be given for a lot clear of all incumbrances.

Sale will take place on the premises at 10 o'clock in the morning of each day, Thursday and Friday, March 26th and 27th A. D. 1891, and be continued through April following; commencing with Thursday of each week.

Excellent factory sites free.

See hand bills and maps. For further particulars apply to The Bloomsburg Land Improvement Co.

N. U. FUNK.
tf. Secretary.

The Northwestern Masonic Aid Association of Chicago, Illinois, has paid over $8,000,000 of losses and has a membership of over 55,000, and has insurance in force to the amount of $150,000,000. It has just paid the widow of W. E Smith deceased, of Berwick, $2500, as appears by letter published elsewhere. Special and local solicitors desired. Address N. Ferree Lightner, General Manager of Solicitors, 2017 Poplar Street, Philadelphia, Pa. Average annual cost per $1000 for 1889 and 1890, ages 21 to 30 years, $8.32; 31 to 40 years, $9.88; 41 to 48 years, $11.96 3:.*

Manners' Double Extract Sarsaparilla for Catarrh is and always will be a leader, as its curative powers cannot be beat; price 50c a bottle. For sale by all druggists

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

To Nervous Debilitated Men.

If you will send us your address, we will mail you our illustrated pamphlet explaining all about Dr. Dye's Celebrated Electro-Voltaic Belt and Appliances, and their charming effects upon the nervous debilitated system, and how they will quickly restore you to vigor and manhood, pamphlet free. If you are thus afflicted, we will send you a Belt and Appliance on trial.

VOLTAIC BELT CO.,
2-20-7t. Marshall, Mich.

Happy and content is a bride with "The Rochester;" she lives in the light of the morning. *To learn more, write Rochester Lamp Co. New York*

Be Sure

If you have made up your mind to buy Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to take any other. Hood's Sarsaparilla is a peculiar medicine, possessing, by virtue of its peculiar combination, proportion, and preparation, curative power superior to any other article. A Boston lady who knew what she wanted, and whose example is worthy imitation, tells her experience below:

To Get

"In one store where I went to buy Hood's Sarsaparilla the clerk tried to induce me buy their own instead of Hood's; he told me their's would last longer; that I might take it on ten days' trial; that if I did not like it I need not pay anything, etc. But he could not prevail on me to change. I told him I knew what Hood's Sarsaparilla was. I had taken it, was satisfied with it, and did not want any other.

Hood's

When I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla I was feeling real miserable, suffering a great deal with dyspepsia, and so weak that at times I could hardly stand. I looked, and had for some time, like a person in consumption. Hood's Sarsaparilla did me so much good that I wonder at myself sometimes, and my friends frequently speak of it." MRS. ELLA A. GOFF, 61 Terrace Street, Boston.

Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

Advertising.

Is by no means a paying benefit to merchants unless it is properly looked after. So many people think that by writing something funny that it will capture all readers of a newspaper, but it does not. What we call a catchy thing is Manners' Double Extract Sarsaparilla for bad blood, pimples, eczema, salt rheum, scrofula, erysipelas and numerous other diseases arising from bad blood. Manners' Double Extract Sarsaparilla can be found for sale at all drug stores. Price 50 cents a bottle. tf.

I. W. Hartman & Sons.

Can't think of telling you all about our Dry Goods Side, come and spend an hour or two with us on the Dry Good side, and the balance of your time with the Fancy Dishes &c. Come this week, come next week, come before the first of April; your daughter wants a new dress, a new set of dishes etc., or perhaps your own table needs a renewal of Dishes, Glassware, etc.. We have them for *Cash*, for Butter, Eggs, Lard, Potatoes, Meat, etc. If you want a nice hanging or stand lamp, our assortment is yet good. We are still cleaning up stock, and you cannot fail in bargains on both sides of the store. Odd lots in Dry Goods and broken Sets of Dishes and Glassware at a Sacrifice.

I. W. Hartman & Sons.

Farmers, Attention!

Having recently secured the agency for the sale of the famous DEERING BINDER, I desire to direct the attention of every farmer in this vicinity, to this World Renowned Harvester.

Unsurpassed in Material, Workmanship and Simplicity of Construction,

It Stands at the Head.

It is my intention to carry a full line of DEERING HARVESTING MACHINERY and Repairs.

I have secured the services of Mr. B. F. Rice, the well-known Farm Implement man, who will represent me and be pleased to wait upon anyone who may contemplate purchasing a Binder or Mower.

D. W. KITCHEN.

3-20-3m. Bloomsburg, Pa.

PHOTOGRAPHS AND CRAYON PORTRAITS.

100 PICTURES $1.00,
CABINETS 99c, Per Doz.

LIFE SIZE CRAYON,
Framed in a Gilt Raised Frame
Five inches wide, and One Dozen best $3.00 Cabinets, all for $8.00.

Copying Old Pictures and Viewing Houses, Cattle, &c., a Specialty.

H. A. KEMP,
ARTIST,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

The Soap that Cleans Most is Lenox.

KESTY & HOFFMAN.

Practical Machinists.

We repair Engines, Boilers, Saw Mills, Threshers, Harvesters. Mowers and all kinds of machinery.

WE HANDLE

STEAM PIPE FITTINGS, VALVES, STEAM GAUGES.

And all kinds of Repairs.

PIPE CUT TO ORDER.

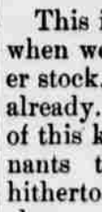
AGENTS FOR

Garfield Injector Co., Garfield Double Jet Injector, Automatic and Locomotive Injector.

All work done by us is guaranteed to give satisfaction, and all work in our line will be promptly attended to.

SHOPS - 6th and CENTRE STREETS

SHORTHAND Practically taught. The pioneer shorthand school of Elmira, N. Y. Send to the GREAT SCHOOL OF COMMERCE for information concerning practical education. Type writing, B'k'g' Telegraphy, etc.



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HALF THE COST of hoisting saved to Storekeepers, Butchers, Farmers, Machinists, Builders, Contractors and others. Admitted to be the greatest improvement ever made in tackle blocks. Freight prepaid. Write for catalogue.

Fulton Iron & Engine Works.
Estab. 1852, 10 Brush St., Detroit, Mich
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BLOOMSBURG.

Fine Cabinet portraits only $3 doz. Life size Crayons only $10.00. Viewing, copying and enlarging. Instant process used. tf.

ELY'S Cream Balm

Cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation, Heals the Sores. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell

TRY THE CURE.

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists; by mail, registered, 60 cts.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York.

W. H. BROOKE & CO.

This is the time of the year when we go over our wall paper stock. The work has begun already. In every cleaning up of this kind we discover remnants that were overlooked hitherto. They are all first-class goods, and must go to make room for Spring stock. The only thing you need concern yourself about is, will the room fit the paper. Our announcement last year brought purchasers more than we could supply; but then there is the regular stock to fall back on, always fresh and clean and new. Our wall paper business is one of the growing departments of our trade. We are anxious for your trade. We will be glad to furnish estimates and guarantee work first-class.

W. H. BROOKE & CO.

LAFAYETTE COLLEGE,

EASTON, PA.

Classical, Technical, Scientific and Graduate Courses. Gymnasium and Physical Training. Send for catalogue and descriptive pamphlet. 3-20-6t.

Misdirected Emotional Force.

"Power Through Repose," by Anna Payson Call, is a little book that ought to be useful to persons who are suffering under nervous strain. Miss Call tells us of a German physician who came here to practice medicine. Patient after patient called on him for relief from nervous prostration. It was a trouble he had not known in Germany, and he thought the matter over carefully and finally pronounced the disease "Americanitis." Nearly all in this land suffer from Americanitis, and it is Miss Call's task to tell us how to relieve it.

The "power through repose" which she indicates is simply a relaxation of all the muscles of the body, a simply letting them go, and falling together as limp as a wet towel. Then new power can flow along our nerves to our tired muscles, whether of arm, finger or eye, and we can fill up with force again. As it is we keep our muscles drawn up into a tense strain most of the time, whether we are using them or not, and so exhaust ourselves and become miserable wrecks along the sands of time. The true way, according to Miss Call, is to use the muscles the occasion demands, and let all the rest be limp and free, with all power withdrawn from them. So shall we conserve our nervous force.

But most of all we waste our forces in misdirected emotional energy. Especially this is true of women. Most of the emotions over which they wreck themselves are false and morbid; the suffering itself and its disastrous consequences are frightfully real. Miss Call defines the difference between a real emotion and a false and morbid one to be this: If the emotion is genuine and healthful, whether it is pleasant or unpleasant, we shall learn its lesson and gain health and strength of character from it. If on the contrary it is false and morbid it injures the health and weakens the character. So our friends among the young ladies and gentlemen can judge by this token whether their hopeless love is real or false.

The writer speaks in one place of the emotional drunks some persons habitually indulge in, the wild fits of emotion, hysterics, etc., which seem to give so much pleasure to certain individuals. The name by which these fits are known in colleges is "dry drunks." The term decribes a state of intense nervous excitement and want of control. This state Miss Call designates as a condition of sham emotion, and she adds: "It has often seemed to me that sham emotions are a woman's form of getting drunk and nervous prostration is its delirium tremens." "It is an inexpressibly sad sight to see a woman broken down and an invalid for no reason whatever but the unnecessary nervous excitement of weeks and months of sham emotion."

How can one master these sham emotions, so as to grow strong, self-contained and helpful? Miss Call explains how in a paragraph on mastering the temper:

> Many of us know the sense of relief which follows a volleys of indignant words. To say that we can get a far greater and more lasting relief without a word, but simply through relaxing our muscles and freeing our excited nerves, seems tame, but it is practically true, and is indeed the only way from a physical standpoint that one may be sure of controlling a high temper. In that way also we keep the spirit, the power, the strength, from which the temper comes, and so far from being tame, life has more for us. We do not tire ourselves, and lose nervous force through the wear and tear of losing our temper. To speak expressively, if not scientifically—Let go, and let the temper slip over your nerves and off. You do not lose it then, for you know where it is, and you keep all the nervous force that would have been used in suppression or expression for better work.

So with a fit of nerves or blues, or chronic grief and despair. Do not resist and try to fight it back; simply "let go." Relax the muscles of your body all over. Then the worry will pass off and out through your nerves.

> Keep still, that all which is good may come to you, and live out to others that your life may broaden for use. In this way we can take all that nature is ready to give us, and will constantly give us, and use it as hers and for her purposes, which are always the truest and best. Then we live as a little child would live—only with more wisdom.

The Prince of Wales may possibly get into deeper trouble with the British public than he ever was in before, through this gambling scandal. The prince is fond of his little game in a social way, strictly between gentlemen, and the young bloods and even some of the old ladies among the nobility have followed his example and habitually indulged in their little games, too, until the sober British public, although the most loyal of England's subjects, begin to clamor that the prince is responsible for the prevalence of gambling. He ought to set a better example before his sons.

"All penal sentences for unsuccessful attempts at suicide are senseless and unjust," writes Henry Labouchere. "All that I have commented on, however, are eclipsed in senselessness and injustice by one passed last week by E. H. Leycester Penrhyn, Esq., who condemned a young woman to three months' hard labor for throwing herself into the river, after having been severely knocked about by her sister-in-law."

Observe this sentence from The Nebraska State Journal: "The two versions of the battle of Wounded Knee are radically different, but the soldiers have a little the advantage in the fact that they were on the spot and saw the whole thing, while the Indians now surviving were not present.

Colorado's irrigation works are doing wonders for her in the realization of farm crops and the raising of live stock.

When a man is not guilty, why should he run away?

A machine has been invented which, it is claimed, will extract good binding twine even from banana skins.

Indian and German is a queer mixture of blood, yet the Wild West show has in its domestic arrangements such a mingling. That big chief, Standing Bear, is married to a German wife. It will be interesting to know whether their sons will be more inclined to scalping or metaphysics.

The step from the sublime to the ridiculous has certainly been taken by a brother-in-law of Dr. Koch. While the great German professor has been drawing the eyes of the world upon him by his discoveries in lymph his brother-in-law has been serving out a sentence in the Southern Indiana penitentiary for stealing a watch.

Truly we live in wonderful times. When the body of King Kalakaua was sent home to Hawaii a gentleman of combined commercial and scientific tastes followed the mourning cortege with a first class phonograph. His idea was to hang around the spot where the funeral services were in progress and turn his phonograph on. Undoubtedly wails and howls of grief would ascend on the air. The phonograph would catch the lamentations and transmit them faithfully, and thus future generations would know how his people howled for Kalakaua. This is one better than the classic tear bottle of the ancients. Let us see. How many great men in public office have we in the United States whose remains would be wept over loudly enough for the wails to be caught by phonograph?

The day seems not far off when Greek will be on a par with Sanscrit as far as the study of it in ordinary colleges is concerned. Mr. Welldon, head master of the famous English school of Harrow, emphatically advocates abolishing Greek as a compulsory study both in school and college. A singular reason he offers for this is that it is in the interests of the Greek language itself. If Greek is an elective study then only those who are attracted to it from love of it will take it up. Consequently they will become accomplished Greek scholars, while the boys who are pulled into it against their will never reach anything but indifferent success in this language. He would therefore leave it free to attract by a natural elective principle those who would expand and nourish Greek scholarship. In place of Greek he would substitute either modern languages or scientific study.

A College Student's View of It.

Mr. Thomas E. Chappell won the prize for oratory at the Nebraska State university. His oration was on that question over which statesmen and sages have wrestled in vain, "What Shall Be Done with the Negro?" In the confusion of plans for disposing of the African in America, perhaps a young man's idea is as good as anybody's. At any rate Mr. Chappell's speech was a very good specimen of oratory, and if statesmen and sages north and south could persuade themselves to take his rose colored view of the negro's future they would be saved sleepless nights and anxious days. We print here the close of Mr. Chappell's oration, in order to encourage young people to try to be orators:

> The north is no longer an oversympathetic champion of the negro's rights. She is taking a broader view of the situation. She is beginning to sympathize with the south and to consider her welfare as well as that of the negro. The south is now entering upon a new era of prosperity and development. In the near future, by a union of the labor of the negro, the capital of the north and resources of the south, she will lead the world in the multiplicity and importance of her industries. She is beginning to realize her dependence upon the negro. She sees that he is peculiarly adapted to her climate and to the labor she needs. In short, that he is an inseparable part of her future greatness.
>
> The view that the negro is taking of the situation is indeed encouraging. He is beginning to see that there is no high road to civilization; that he must ascend the ladder of material, moral and intellectual progress, as other races have done; that he must begin at the bottom and make the slow and painful ascent round by round; that no war measure, no stroke of political power, no amount of legislation will enable him to reach the top at a single bound. In his own words: "We believe that our future depends infinitely more upon ourselves than upon any other agency. It is high time for us to cease following the ignis fatuus of politics and to begin the work of development along those lines only on which real progress is possible. The politician has long since exhausted his storehouse for us."
>
> The thoughts of the negro are no longer upon revenge. His face is turned toward the future—a future full of realization for his noble aspirations. He, full of hope, peering out through the darkest night of oppression, believes that even now he sees, though dimly, the first rays of the sunlight of freedom—harbingers of his glad day of liberty. He knows that his greatest foes are ignorance and superstitution. He sees arrayed against him an unalterable color line, the prejudices of his white brethren, and that fiercest of human passions, race antipathy. But on the other hand, he musters for the conflict patience, endurance, industry, education, religion. He sees upon his side the hearts and tongues of a vast multitude of loyal men and women, who are ever arrayed against injustice—pious Christian hearts that beat in unison with the pulsations of freedom in his own breast. He calls up before him that long line of heroes who freely poured out their blood that the tree of liberty might be nourished.
>
> The voices of Harriet Beecher Stowe, of Wendell Phillips and of Abraham Lincoln are still echoing in his ears, urging him on to the contest and to victory. Then in a transport of the imagination, he is carried forward to the end of the struggle. The smoke of battle clears away, and there spreads out before his vision a scene that gladdens his weary heart. Upon every hill and plain of his beloved country he sees his people living in happy homes, beloved and honored by all. He hears the hum of mighty industries, and sees his brother taking an honorable share in every branch of production. The land is filled with schools and churches in which all mingle joyfully, without respect to race or color. He sees the principle of universal brotherhood of man triumphant. He has won for himself a useful and honorable position in the government and in society.

A Story on Senator Vance.

Senator Vance, of North Carolina, unquestionably the champion story teller of the Senate, has a broad stripe of Calvinism down his back, though he is not a communicant of the Church. It is told of him that riding along in Buncombe county one day he overtook a venerable darkey, with whom he thought he would "have a little fun."

"Uncle," said the Governor, "are you going to church?"

"No, sah, not edzactly—I'm gwine back from church."

"You're a Baptist, I reckon—now' ain't you?"

"No, sah, I ain't no Baptist, do most of the brederen and sisters about here has been under de water."

"Methodist then?"

"No, sah, I ain't no Mefodis', nudder."

"Campbellite?"

"No, sah, I can't errogate to myself de Cammelite way of thinkin."

"Well, what in the name of goodness are you, then?" rejoined the Governor, remembering the narrow range of choice in religions among North Carolina negroes.

"Well, de fac' is, sah, my old marster was a Herruld of de Cross in de Presbyterian Church, and I fotch up in dat faith."

"What! You don't mean it? Why, that is my church."

The negro making no comment on this announcement, Governor Vance went at him again:

"And do you believe in all of the Presbyterian creed?"

"Yes, sah, dat I does."

"Do you believe in the doctrine of presdestination?"

"I dunno dat I recognize de name, sah."

"Why, do you believe that if a man is elected to be saved he will be saved, and that if he is elected to de damned he will be damned?"

"Oh, yes, boss, I believe dat. It's gospel talk, dat is."

"Well, now, take my case. Do you believe that I am elected to be saved?"

The old man struggled for a moment with his desire to be respectful and polite and then shook his head dubiously.

"Come, now, answer my question," pressed the Governor. "What do you say?"

"Well, I tell you what 'its, Marse Zeb; Ise ben libin' in dis hyah world nigh on 50 years, and I nebber yit hyard of any man bein' 'lected 'dout he was a candidate."—*From the New York Tribune.*

Do You Cough?

Don't delay. Take Kemp's Balsam, the best cough cure. It will cure your coughs and colds. It will cure sore throat or a tickling in the throat. It will cure pains in the chest, It will cure influenza and bronchitis. and all diseases pertaining to the Lungs because it is a pure Balsam. Hold it to the light and see how clear and thick it is. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Large bottles 50c and $1.

SEE MY SPONGE?
SHINE your Shoes with WOLFF'S ACME BLACKING ONCE A WEEK!
Other days wash them clean with SPONGE AND WATER.
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Once more my hand will clasp your hand;
Your loved voice I shall hear once more;
But we shall never see the land,
The pleasant land we knew of yore;
Never, on any summer day,
Hear the low music of its streams,
Or wander down the leafy way
That leadeth to the land of dreams.

Still, borne upon the scented air,
The songs of birds rise clear and sweet,
As when I gathered roses there,
And heaped their glories at your feet;
And still the golden pathway lies
At eve across the western sea,
And lovers dream beneath those skies,
Which shine no more for you and me.

No more, ah, nevermore! and yet
They seem so near, those summer days,
When hope was like a jewel set
To shine adown Time's misty ways.
I sometimes dream that morning's light
Will bring them back to us once more,
And that 'tis but one long dark night
Since we two parted by the shore.

We parted with soft words and low,
And "Farewell till to-morrow" said;
From sea and sky, and sunset's glow
A golden halo round you shed;
Then as you went, I heard you sing,
"Haste thee, sweet morrow!" Parting thus,
How could we dream that life would bring
Not any morrow there for us?

We parted; and that last farewell
Its shadow on our life path cast;
And Time's relentless barriers fell
Between us and our happy past;
And now we meet when cares and tears
Have dulled the parting and the pain,
But never can the weary years
Bring back our golden dreams again.

—Domestic Monthly.

THE BRIARFIELD TRAGEDY.

BY EUGENIA DUNLAP.

Pretty, rosy little Flossie pouted coquettishly, and drew away her hand from her black browed suitor.

"No, William—for the last time, I won't. So there!"

A sudden pallor overspread the swarthy face, and a dangerous gleam shot from the small black eyes as he rudely seized the tender round arm of the unsuspicious girl, and hissed in a voice she had never heard before:

"By the Eternal, you shall! You shall, or I'll murder you!"

With a shriek the terrified girl sprang past him and fled into the cosy sitting room where the other members of the family pursued their homely avocations before a wide, old fashioned wood fire.

"Oh, auntie!" she exclaimed, "I do believe William is crazy!"

All were startled at the sudden and violent interruption, but not even the genuine alarm on the girl's face prevented an annoyed rebuke from the elder lady.

"Crazy! What do you mean, Florence? Get up from my side, and do leave off those tragedy airs!"

With eyes wide open in wonder at such a tone from her usually kind protectress the girl slowly arose, and in tears left the room.

"Mother, you were very harsh," remonstrated Margaret, the eldest daughter of the house.

"I wonder what William could have said to her," spitefully added Eliza, the younger sister; "it's always William!"

"Tut, tut!" said the father, resuming his paper. "The boy is too rough. He's put her out somehow. Wife, you've no call to be vexed."

"Perhaps I was harsh," said the old lady, "but you don't know how that word 'crazy' horrifies me. My only brother went crazy and took his own life. We never got over the shock. William sometimes has a look of him, and I am in continual fear. He's always been strange. I'm sorry I hurt the poor child's feelings."

"Oh! her feelings are too easily hurt," said Eliza.

"I shouldn't wonder if Lynn Graves could comfort her," said Margaret, meaningly, and the deep flush of annoyance on Eliza's face indicated the cause of her evident spleen toward her father's orphan niece.

"So ho!" said the old gentleman, again diverted from the daily news. "The wind's in that quarter, is it? I thought William was sweet on her."

"Nonsense, Daniel!" said Mrs. Bedford.

"Well now, wife, I don't know about that, and I, for one, shouldn't care if he was. The lass is comely and well mannered, and besides, she will have a right snug little fortune of her own. Our boy couldn't be doing better."

"Well, well, we've no call to meddle, Daniel," cautiously replied the old lady; "and the Lord is sure to take care of his own, she piously added, as she picked up a dropped stitch in her knitting.

Before retiring for the night kind hearted Aunt Bedford sought her distressed charge, and in words which the affectionate girl never forgot told her of the grim skeleton so long hidden in the closet of the peaceful farmhouse.

"Don't cross him, dear, if you can help it," she said as she left her; "I don't want him to annoy you, but be as patient as you can."

The summer passed, and William Bedford had ceased to persecute his cousin save by a jealous watchfulness which gave her constant dread. The warm days had been spent by the young people of the adjacent village and vicinity in pleasure parties to the woods and numerous excursions to the blackberry thicket which gave the name of Briarfield to Uncle Bedford's neighborhood.

Flossie Denton was ever the leading spirit, ever the center of attraction. Her childlike nature, whether in dimples or frowns, in sunshine or shower, asserted itself, and many a gallant heart fell victim to her charms.

Lynn Graves did not care to conceal his allegiance, but Flossie could not tell him of her cousin's stormy wooing and terrible threats. The only shadow her young life had known since the hour which made her an orphan was the ever darkening presence of this morose and unhappy man. To the world he was a moody, ill conditioned fellow, and her innocent spirit could not fathom him.

Thus were matters shaped on the night of a grand political harangue and torchlight procession. In the enthusiasm of triumph a glee club had been formed by 40 young vocalists, and their gayly decorated wagon and bright costumes presented the chief attraction in the long line of march. Flossie, attired as Goddess of Liberty, stood at the rear of the wagon supported by Lynn Graves, who was a fit knight for the loving service.

Bands were stationed at intervals along the columns, and from the huge wagon resounded the campaign songs in a chorus of patriotic young voices. The customary banners, transparencies, mottoes, caricatures, and illuminations delighted the throng.

In wild excitement William Bedford forsook the ranks and dashed about at random, startling in his recklessness and obtrusive in his actions. Seeking every opportunity to approach Flossie in her new grandeur, he glared upon her furiously. She heeded him not; happiness made here careless, and her secret was revealed.

Before the hour of midnight had chimed from the distant steeple the merry makers were at their respective homes. Mr. Bedford's family separated after a few moments of animated discussion and comment upon the various haps and mishaps of the celebration.

William's mood had changed. He sat quiet and thoughful, taking no part in the conversation. But as Flossie said good night, flinging back her radiant smile, he abruptly arose and bade her stay a moment.

In wondering fear the girl halted, then came back reluctantly to where he stood.

"I have found you out," he said in a slow, passionless sort of way, "I know now why you have no love for me."

"Oh, William, don't talk so—don't look so! I have never harmed you—why will you torment me? I don't know what you mean."

"Yes, you do," he replied in the same measured tones, "and what I want to say is this: The man you love shall die. I have sworn it. I said I would kill you, but—what? Crying? Poor little Flossie!" In a strangely tender way he laid his hand upon the bowed head of the sobbing girl, whose nerves could no longer bear the tension of excitement. "Why, I wouldn't harm you," he continued; "you couldn't help it. Don't I know he has bewitched you? Yes," he added fiercely, "and I hate him! At sunrise he dies! We shall be happy yet. Go to bed now, my Goddess of Liberty. To-morrow he dies!"

The girl was benumbed with fear. If this were not sheer madness, then what was it? What should she do? Gently she bade the man good night and noiselessly crept up to her uncle's room, which adjoined hers. No one had as yet fallen asleep. Flossie expressed her apprehensions in a cautious voice.

The mother, ever watchful, instantly arose and went to her son's room. She heard him striding about, but her efforts to enter were rudely repulsed. Anxious and unsatisfied she returned to bed, but in an hour all was quiet and she, too, overcome by the unusual fatigue of the day, fell into a deep sleep.

But to Florence sleep was impossible. Only a mile away was the Graves farm. Should she venture to go in the dead hour of night and warn her lover? He had a sister with whom she had frequently passed the night, and as for the future, no one save the two families need ever know that she went alone and for such a purpose. Ere the morning her cousin's strange mood would doubtless have passed away.

Softly coaxing the big house dog, the girl sped out into the starlit night. Love made her brave, and to this love she owed her life. Her mission was speedily accomplished. Her lover took the precaution to change his sleeping apartment in compliance with her whim, and the new sun found her fast asleep beside her school fellow, Marian Graves. Long ere merciful friends would arouse her, the neighborhood was ringing with news of a tragedy such as was never before recorded in the annals of the "dark and bloody ground." In the dark hours of night William Bedford had killed father, mother, sister, and then shot himself. Of the whole family not one was left.

* * * * * * *

The Bedford homestead is deserted, and the neighbors say it is haunted. Flossie never knew the ghastly details of the tragedy which left her sole heir to the property. Lynn Graves married her almost immediately, she was so desolate and unprotected, and took her—and the dog to Kansas City, where amid new scenes she tried to forget the past.

Indian Legend of the Moon.

Here is a peculiar legend of the Indians, as told by the Rev. Mr. Cook, the full blooded Sioux, who is the ministerial representative of the Episcopalian denomination at Pine Ridge Agency, says the Omaha *Bee*. The legend, which was related to the Indian children at the agency, was of their forefathers' belief as to the cause of the disappearance of the moon. He said the belief was that every time a new moon appeared it was a signal for all the mice in the country to gather themselves together in one spot. When they assembled they separated in four great armies. One army went to the north, another to the south, a third to the east, and a fourth to the west. These armies of mice traveled until they reached the point where, from the place of starting, the heavens seemed to touch the earth. Then they climbed up the sky until they came to the moon, which by this time was what we call full. All of the four armies then commenced nibbling at Luna, and when they had eaten her all up the mice would scamper back down the heavens to the earth and wait for her to show herself again, when the journey and nibbling would be repeated by the mice. And this is what the Indians of early days believed was the cause of the moon growing old and finally disappearing.

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North British, of London.
Office on Market Street, above Main, No. 5.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

WAINWRIGHT & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS.
Teas, Syrups, Coffees, Sugars, Molasses, Rice, Spices, Bicarb Soda, Etc.,
N. E. Corner Second and Arch Streets,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.
Orders will receive prompt attention.

M. C. SLOAN & BRO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Carriages, Buggies, Phætons, Sleighs, Platform Wagons, Etc.,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
First-class work always on hand. Repairing neatly done.
Prices reduced to suit the times.

M. P. LUTZ,
(Successor to Freas Brown)
AGENT AND BROKER,
Bloomsburg Fire & Life Ins. Agency.
(Established in 1865.)
COMPANIES REPRESENTED:

	ASSETS.
Ætna Fire Ins. Co., of Hartford,	$9,528,388 97
Hartford, of Hartford,	5,288,603 9
Phœnix, of Hartford,	4,778,469 1
Springfield, of Springfield,	3,999 993 9
Fire Association, Phila.,	4,512,782 2
Guardian, of London,	20,603,323 7
Phœnix, of London,	6,924,563 4
Lancashire, of England, (U. S. Branch)	1,642,195 0
Royal, of England, (U. S. Branch)	4,853,364 0
Mutual Ben. Life In. Co., Newark, N. J.,	41,379,228 3

Losses promptly adjusted and paid at this office.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

J. H. MAIZE,
FIRE INSURANCE AGENT,
Office, Columbian Building, Second Floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Liverpool, London and Globe, largest in the world, and perfectly reliable.

	ASSETS.
Imperial, of London,	$9,658,477 00
Continental, of New York,	5,239,981 28
American, of Philadelphia,	2,401,956 11
Niagara, of New York,	2,260,479 86

CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP,
FIRE INSURANCE,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Home, of N. Y.; Merchants', of Newark, N. J.; Clinton, N. Y.; Peoples', N. Y.; Reading, Pa.; German American Ins. Co., New York; Greenwich Insurance Co., New York; Jersey City Fire Ins. Co., Jersey City, N. J.
These old corporations are well seasoned by age and fire tested, and have never yet had a loss settled by any court of law. Their assets are all invested in solid securities, are liable to the hazard of fire only.
Losses promptly and honestly adjusted and paid as soon as determined, by Christian F. Knapp, Special Agent and Adjuster, Bloomsburg, Pa.
The people of Columbia county should patronize the agency where losses, if any, are settled and paid by one of their own citizens

KIPP & PODMORE,
ARCHITECTS,
Osterhout Building, WILKES-BARRE.
Branch Office, Bloomsburg, Pa., with Jno. M. Clark, Attorney and Counseller.

J. S. WILLIAMS,
AUCTIONEER,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Real Estate bought and sold. Parties desiring to buy horses and wagons would do well to call on the above.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,
W. R. TUBBS, PROP'R.,
(Opposite the Court House)
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Large and convenient sample rooms. Bath rooms, hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences.

PHILADELPHIA & READING RAILROAD.

AFTER NOV. 15, 1890.

Trains leave Bloomsburg as follows: (Sundays excepted)
For New York, Philadelphia, Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, etc., 6 05, 11.13 a. m.
For Williamsport, 8.10 a. m., 3.16 p. m.
For Danville and Milton, 8.10 a. m., 3.16, 11.00 p. m.
For Catawissa 6.05, 8.10, 11.13 a. m., 12.20, 5.00, 6.30 p. m.
For Rupert 6.05, 8.10, 11.13 a. m., 12.20, 3.16, 5.00, 6.30, 11.00 p. m.
Trains for Bloomsburg
Leave New York via of Philadelphia 7.45 a. m., 4 00 p. m. and via Easton 8.45 a. m., 3.45 p. m
Leave Philadelphia 10.00 a. m., 6.00 p. m.
Leave Reading 11.50 a. m. 7.57 p. m.
Leave Pottsville 12.30 p. m.
Leave Tamaqua 1.21 a. m., 9.18 p. m.
Leave Williamsport 9.30 a. m., 4.15 p. m.
Leave Catawissa 7.00, 8.40 a. m. 1.30, 3.20, 6.10 11.02 p. m.
Leave Rupert 6.21, 7.08, 8.47, 11.26 a. m., 1.38, 3.31, 6.18, 11.10 p. m.
For Baltimore, Washington and the West via B. & O. R. R., through trains leave Girard Avenue Station Phila. (P. & R. R. R.) 4.16, 8.01, 11.27 a. m., 1.34, 4.24, 5.55, 7.23 p. m. Sundays 4.16, 8.02, 11.27 a. m., 4.24, 5.55, 7.23 p. m.

ATLANTIC CITY DIVISION.
Leave Philadelphia, Pier 7, Chestnut street Wharf, and South Street Wharf.
FOR ATLANTIC CITY.
Week days—Express, 9. a. m., 2.00, 4 00 p. m. Accommodation, 9.00 a. m., 5.00 p. m.
Sundays—Express, 9.00 a. m. Accommodation 8.00 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.
Returning, Leave Atlantic City.
Depot corner Atlantic and Arkansas Avenues: Weeks days—Express, 7.30, 9.00 a. m. and 4.00 p. m. Accommodation, 8.05 a. m. and 4.30 p. m. Sunday—Express, 4.00, p. m. Accommodation 7.30 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.

A. A. McLEOD, C. C. HANCOCK

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DELAWARE LACKAWANNA & WESTERN RAILROAD.
BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

STATIONS.	NORTH. P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.
Northumberland	5 40	1 50	10 10	6 2
Cameron	5 53	...	10 23	6 3
Chulasky	5 58	....	10 27	6 4
Danville	6 05	2 11	10 33	6 4
Catawissa	6 18	..	10 48	7 0
Rupert	6 23	2 28	10 53	7 1
Bloomsburg	6 29	2 33	10 58	7 2
Espy	6 35	.....	11 04	7 2
Lime Ridge	6 42	....	11 10	7 3
Willow Grove	6 46	.....	11 14	7 3
Briarcreek	6 50	....	11 17	7 4
Berwick	6 56	2 56	11 23	7 4
Beach Haven	7 02	....	11 29	7 5
Hick's Ferry	7 09	....	11 35	8 0
Shickshinny	7 22	3 17	11 45	8 1
Hunlock's	7 32	..	11 55	8 2
Nanticoke	7 39	3 33	12 01	8 3
Avondale	7 43	....	12 04	8 3
Plymouth	7 48	3 42	12 08	8 3
Plymouth Junction	7 52	....	12 11	8 4
Kingston	7 57	3 50	12 15	8 4
Bennett	8 02	....	12 18	8 4
Maltby	8 07	.....	12 21	8 5
Wyoming	8 12	3 58	12 25	8 5
West Pittston	8 17	4 02	12 29	9 0
Pittston	8 25	4 07	12 35	9 0
Duryea	8 29	....	....	9 1
Lackawanna	8 33	.....	12 41	9 1
Taylorville	8 42	.....	12 48	9 2
Bellevue	8 47	....	12 52	9 3
Scranton	8 52	4 28	12 57	9 3
	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.

STATIONS.	SOUTH. A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Scranton	6 00	9 50	1 40	6 0
Bellevue	6 05	9 55	....	6 0
Taylorville	6 10	10 00	1 50	6 1
Lackawanna	6 18	10 08	1 58	6 2
Duryea	6 22	10 10	2 02	6 2
Pittston	6 28	10 16	2 07	6 2
West Pittston	6 35	10 22	2 14	6 3
Wyoming	6 40	10 27	2 29	6 3
Maltby	6 44	10 30	....	6 4
Bennett	6 48	10 34	2 28	6 4
Kingston	6 52	10 38	2 31	6 4
Plymouth Junction	6 59	10 42	2 38	6 5
Plymouth	7 04	10 47	2 43	6 5
Avondale	7 09	10 51	2 48	7 0
Nanticoke	7 14	10 55	2 53	7 0
Hunlock's	7 20	11 02	3 00	7 1
Shickshinny	7 31	11 14	3 17	7 2
Hick's Ferry	7 44	11 25	3 32	7 3
Beach Haven	7 54	11 41	3 40	7 4
Berwick	8 02	11 47	3 47	7 4
Briar Creek	8 09	.....	3 53	7 5
Willow Grove	8 13	11 56	3 57	7 5
Lime Ridge	8 17	12 02	4 02	8 0
Espy	8 24	12 10	4 09	8 0
Bloomsburg	8 31	12 18	4 15	8 1
Rupert	8 37	12 23	4 22	8 1
Catawissa	8 42	12 28	4 28	8 2
Danville	8 57	12 42	4 46	8 3
Chulasky	9 03	.....	4 54	...
Cameron	9 07	12 51	5 00	8 4
Northumberland	9 22	1 05	5 15	8 5
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.

Connections at Rupert with Philadelphia & Reading Railroad for Tamanend, Tamaqua, Williamsport, Sunbury, Pottsville, etc. At Northumberland with P. & E. Div. P. R. R. for Harrisburg, Lock Haven, Emporium, Warren, Corry and Erie.
W. F. HALLSTEAD, Gen. Man.,
Scranton, Pa.

Pennsylvania Railroad.

P. & E. R. R. AND N. C. RY. DIVISIONS.

In effect Dec. 14, 1890. Trains leave Sunbury EASTWARD.

9:55 a. m. Train 14 (Daily except Sunday) for Harrisburg and intermediate stations arriving at Philadelphia 3:15 p. m.; New York 5:50 p. m.; Baltimore, 3:10 p. m.; Washington 5:55 p. m., connecting at Philadelphia for all Sea Shore points. Passenger coaches to Philadelphia Baltimore.

1:20 p. m. Train 8, (Daily except Sunday,) for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia at 6:50 p. m.; New York, 9:35 p. m.; Baltimore 6:45 p. m.; Washington 8:15 p. m. Parlor cars to Philadelphia and passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

8:08 p. m.—Train 6, (Daily,) for Harrisburg and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4:25 a. m.; New York 7:10 a. m. Pullman sleeping car from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7 a. m.

1:50 a. m.—(Daily,) for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 6:30 a. m., New York 9:30 a. m., Baltimore 6:30 a. m., Washington 7:30 a. m., Pullman sleeping cars to Philadelphia and passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

3:55 a. m.—Train 16 (Daily,) for Harrisburg and intermediate stations arriving at Baltimore 8:19 a. m. and Washington 9:55 a. m. and Pullman sleeping cars to Baltimore, Washington, and Passenger coaches to Baltimore.

WESTWARD.

2:04 a. m.—Train 9 (Daily except Sunday) for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with Pullman sleeping cars and passenger coaches to Rochester.

5:10 a. m.—Train 3 (Daily,) for Erie, Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with Pullman palace cars and passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester.

9:56—Train 15 (Daily,) for Lock Haven and intermediate stations.

1:42 p. m.—Train 11 (Daily except Sunday) for Kane, Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo, and Niagara Falls with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester and Parlor car to Rochester.

5:30 p. m.—Train 1, (Daily except Sunday) for Renovo, Elmira and intermediate stations.

8:5 4p. m.—Train 21 (Daily,) for Williamsport and intermediate stations.

THROUGH TRAINS FOR SUNBURY FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

Train 15—Leaves New York, 12:15 night, Philadelphia 4:30 a. m., Baltimore 4:45 a. m., Harrisburg, 8:10 a. m., daily arriving at Sunbury 9:55 a. m.

Train 11—Leaves Philadelphia 8:50 a. m., Washington 8:10 a. m., Baltimore 9:00 a. m. (daily except Sunday) arriving at Sunbury, 1:05 with Parlor car from Philadelphia and passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Train 1—Leaves New York 9:00 a. m., Philadelphia 11:40 a. m., Washington 10:30 a. m., Baltimore 11:45 a. m., (daily except Sunday) arriving at Sunbury 5:30 p. m. with passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Train 21 leaves New York 2.00 p. m., Philadelphia 4:25 p. m., Washington 3:30 p. m., Baltimore 4:32 p. m. (Daily) arriving at Sunbury 8:54 p. m.

Train 9 leaves New York 6:30 p. m., Philadelphia 9:20 p. m., Washington 7:40 p. m., Baltimore 8:45 p. m., (Daily except Saturday,) arriving at Sunbury, 2:04 a. m. with Pullman sleeping cars and passenger coaches from Washington and Baltimore.

Train 3 leaves New York 8:00 p. m., Philadelphia 11:25 p. m., Washington 10:00 p. m., Baltimore 11:20 p. m., (Daily,) arriving at Sunbury 5:10 a. m., with Pullman sleeping cars from Philadelphia, Washington and Baltimore and passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore

SUNBURY HAZLETON, & WILKESBARRE RAILROAD, AND NORTH AND WEST BRANCH RAILWAY.
(Daily except Sunday)

Train 7 leaves Sunbury 10:00 a. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 10:48 a. m., Wilkes Barre 12.10 p. m.

Train 11 leaves Sunbury 5:35 p. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 6:26 p. m., Wilkes-Barre 7:50 p. m.

Train 8 leaves Wilkes-Barre 11:17 a. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 12:37 p. m., Sunbury 1:28 p. m.

Train 10 leaves Wilkes-Barre 3:12 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 4:34 p. m., Sunbury 5:22 p. m.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

Train 7 leaves Sunbury 10:00 a. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 10:48 a. m., Wilkes-Barre 12:10 a. m.

Train 26 leaves Wilkes-Barre 5:10 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 6:39 p. m., Sunbury 7:30 p. m.

CHAS. E. PUGH, Gen. Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt.

BLOOMSBURG & SULLIVAN R. R.

Taking effect MONDAY, NOV. 17, 1890.

STATIONS.	SOUTH. Ar. P. M.	Ar. P. M.	Ar. A. M.	Lv. A. M.	Lv. P. M.	Lv. P. M.
Bloomsburg	6 28	12 10	7 15	8 35	2 35	6 40
Main Street	6 18	12 04	7 07	8 42	2 42	6 47
Irondale	6 16	12 00	7 04	8 45	2 45	6 50
Paper Mill	6 08	11 52	6 56	8 53	2 53	6 58
Lightstreet	6 05	11 49	6 53	8 56	2 56	7 02
Orangeville	5 57	11 38	6 43	9 06	3 07	7 10
Forks	5 45	11 27	6 33	9 15	3 17	7 20
Zaner's	5 42	11 24	6 30	9 20	3 20	7 24
Stillwater	5 37	11 19	6 25	9 27	3 25	7 29
Benton	5 28	11 09	6 16	9 37	3 33	7 39
Edens	5 23	11 04	6 11	9 41	3 38	7 40
Coles Creek	5 20	11 02	6 09	9 44	3 42	7 44
Sugarloaf	5 15	11 17	6 03	9 48	3 46	7 55
Laubachs	5 12	10 54	6 00	9 53	3 50	7 5
Central	5 03	10 43	5 53	10 03	4 00	8 0
Jamison City	5 00	10 40	5 50	10 10	4 05	8 1
	Lv. P. M.	Lv. P. M.	Lv. A. M.	Ar. A. M.	Ar. P. M.	Ar. P. M.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Farm For Sale.

70 acres in Fishingcreek township, Col. Co ne mile from Van Camp, New Columbia and Cambra. Fair buildings, good water, fine orchard. No. 1 grass farm, will sell at a bargain up on easy terms. Will exchange upon property Bloomsburg. Call upon or address

WM. CHRISMAN,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

FOR SALE—Desirable vacant lots and a number of good houses and lots in Bloomsburg. The best business stand in Bloomsburg. A very desirable property in Willow Grove, first-class buildings and 19 acres of land. Dwellings in Espy. Ten good farms in Columbia county, one in Luzerne county, one in Virginia and two in Kansas. One country store stand in Columbia county and one in Luzerne county. 3 grist mills in Columbia county, by

M. P. LUTZ,
Insurance and Real Estate Agt, Bloomsburg Pa.,

SALES.

MARCH 20.—The administrators of Jacob H. Fritz deceased will sell horses, cattle, pigs, chickens, wagons, harness, farm implements, grain, house hold furniture &c, at 9 o'clock. See Bills.

MARCH 21.—The sale of Lafayette Keeler was adjourned from the 12th, on account of bad weather, and will take place on the 21st, rain or shine. He has a large lot of personal property embracing farm implements, horses, cows, steam thresher, Morris & Ireland safe, mower, &c. See bills.

MARCH 24.—Samuel Roberts will sell valuable personal property on his premises in Sugarloaf township, colts, cows, wagons and general farming implements.

MARCH 24.—D. S. Pursel will sell horses, cows, wagons, farm implements, harness, stoves, house hold goods, &c, on premises in Briarcreek township at 9 a. m. See bills.

MARCH 25.—John W. Gibbs will sell horses, carriages, buggies, sleighs, harness, robes, nets and all the property at his livery on Iron street, Bloomsburg, at 10, a. m. See bills.

MARCH 26 AND 27.—The Bloomsburg Land Improvement Company will offer 500 town lots for sale at auction, in Bloomsburg, beginning at 10 o'clock each day, and continuing each week on Thursday. See bills.

March 27th—Mrs. Almira Albertson will sell valuable personal property on premises in Greenwood twp., commencing at 10 o'clock a. m, Horses, cows and general farming implements.

APRIL 4.—Philip H. Seely, administrator of Lafayette Fuller deceased, will sell real estate in Bloomsburg at 10 a. m. See advertisement.

A Real Balsam is Kemp's Balsam

The dictionary says, "A balsam is a thick, pure aromatic substance flowing from trees," Kemp's Balsam for the throat and lungs is the only cough medicine that is a real balsam. Many thin, watery cough remedies are called balsams, but such are not. Look through a bottle of Kemp's Balsam and notice what a pure, thick preparation it is. If you cough use Kemp's Balsam. At all druggists'. Large bottles 50 cents and $1.

A Peculiar Catastrophe on the Catawissa Branch of the Reading.

THREE TRAINMEN KILLED.

Freight engine No. 393, on the Catawissa branch of the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad, jumped the track at Mainville, about a mile from Catawissa, late Saturday night, and the result was a horrible fate for the crew. The killed are James Fisher, engineer; John Wood, fireman, and Clinton Harper, brakeman.

When the rescuing party arrived on the scene they found the engineer and fireman dead. The former had been crushed to death between the engine and one of the freight cars, and it was with considerable difficulty that his body was extricated from the wreck. Wood had been thrown from the engine and drowned in the creek below. A large piece of timber held him under the water, and it was some time before he was found. Brakeman Harper had one of his legs broken and died from the effects of his injuries before morning.

The train was bowling along at a pretty good rate, and suddenly the engine mounted the rails, dashed along a few yards, and toppled over the wall carrying with it the freight cars into the creek. It happened so quickly that the men got no warning, and were thus prevented from jumping for their lives. They were carried down with the engine and killed before they realized what had occured.

News of the mishap was immediately sent to Catawissa, and a party of men dispatched to the scene to render assistance. The wrecking crews were also sent for and soon arrived, and were soon at work clearing away the debris in order that traffic could be resumed.

The only theory advanced for the wreck is that the freight engine struck a brake bar that was on the track and caused the switch to open, throwing the train over the wall.

All subscribers who will change their residence on April 1st will please notify us, giving both the old and the new address.

WHAT'S IN A NAME?

MEANING OF THE NAMES OF COUNTRIES IN THE OLD WORLD

Europe signifies a country of white complexion, so named because the inhabitants were of a lighter complexion than those of Asia and Africa. Asia signifies between, or in the middle, from the fact that geographers place it between Europe and Africa. Africa signifies a land of corn or ears. It was celebrated for its abundance of corn and all sorts of grain.

Siberia signifies thirsty, or dry—very appropriate. Spain, a country of rabbits or conies. It was once so infested with these animals that it sued Augustus for an army to destroy them.

Italy, a country of pitch, from its yielding great quantities of black pitch.

Calabria also, for the same reason.

Gaul, modern France, signifies yellow-haired as yellow hair characterized its inhabitants. The English of Caledonia is a high hill. This was a rugged, mountainous province in Scotland.

Hibernia is utmost or last habitation, for beyond this to the westward the Phœnicians never extended their voyages. Britain, the country of tin, great quantities being found on it and adjacent islands. The Greeks called it Albion, which signifies in the Phœnician tongue either white or high mountain, from the whiteness of its shores, or the high rocks on the western coast. Corsica, a woody place.

Sardinia signifies footsteps of men, which it resembles. Syracuse, bad flavor, so called from the unwholesome marsh on which it stood. Rhodes, serpents or dragons, which are produced in abundance. Sicily, the country of grapes. Scylla, the whirlpool of destruction. Ætna signifies a furnace, dark or smoky.—*Irish Times*

CONSUMPTION.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering. I will send free of charge to all who desire, this recipe, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper. W. A. NOYES, 820 Power's Block, Rochester, N. Y. mar-6-1y

WANTED.

A young man from 16 to 21 years old, to work on a farm near town. Apply to Jacob Dieffenbach. 3-13-3-t.

Never mind! Never mind what the people say, it is a fact nevertheless that the Popular News Agent, has added to an already well selected stock of Games, Books Novels, &c., wall paper, beautiful designs and at very reasonable prices. Call and examine, just a few doors below Market street.

Grant Herring desires to announce, that all clients desiring to have business attended to during his absence at the session of the legislature, will find competent persons at his office to attend to the same. Those desiring to see Mr. Herring in person, may do so on Saturday and Monday of each week. tf.

Deafness Can't Be Cured.

By local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless inflammation can be taker out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that we cannot cure by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO, Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, 75 cents.
3-6 4-w.

Highest cash price paid for all kinds of furs: Fox, mink, musk rats, skunks, etc.

LOUIS LOWENBERG.

DEAF NESS & HEAD NOISES CURED by Peck's INVISIBLE TUBULAR EAR CUSHIONS. Whispers heard. Comfortable. Write for book of all Remedies Sent free. Sold by F. HISCOX, 853 Broadway, New York.

GRAND JURORS.

FOR MAY TERM, 1891.

BENTON—Lawson Lewis, I. K. Laubach, Lafayette Keeler.
BERWICK—Archer Averill, F. R. Kitchen, B. Sponenberg.
BLOOM—D. Laycock, J. Masteller, J. Shaffer, C. R. Gunton, Amos Savage, H. Shaffer.
BRIARCREEK—Samuel Knorr.
CENTRE—J. Creasy.
CONYNGHAM—M. Monaghan.
FISHINGCREEK—E. H. Gilbert, J. P. Creasy, I. Fahringer.
FRANKLIN—J. Kostenbauder.
GREENWOOD—Davis Manning.
JACKSON—J. H. Lunger, Ellis Young.
SCOTT—W. J. Englehart.
SUGARLOAF—C. R. Richart.

CHARTER NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, upon Saturday the 4th day of April, A. D., 1891, by Saint Matthew's Lutheran Church of Bloomsburg, Pa., for an amendment, and alteration of their charter, according to the Act, April 29, 1874 regulating amendments to charters and supplements thereto, entitled, "an act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations. The character and object of which is the support of public worship, and for that purpose to have and possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of said act of assembly and its supplements, the petition reciting the proposed amendments and is now on file in the Prothonotary's office.

Mar 12, 91. WM. CHRISMAN, Solicitor.

ANNUAL STATEMENT OF BLOOM POOR DISTRICT.

From Jan. 13, 1890 to Jan. 12, 1891.
JOHN K. GROTZ, Treasurer.

DR.

Cash rec'd on Bloom Duplicate		1889....	$ 692 81
" " " "		1890...	2439 60
" " " Greenwood "		1889..	551 45
" " " " "		1880..	400 63
" " " Scott "		1888..	175 00
" " " " "		1889..	1023 46
" " " Sugarloaf "		1889..	215 73
" " " " "		1890..	90 00
" For support Mrs Geo. Vanatta			130 00
" rec'd from Brown House			45 02
" " " Est. Wm. Fry			30 00
" " " Rent Long House			6 00
" " " Hester Sterner			52 00
" " " Proceeds farm			10 00
" " " Unseated lands			63 56
" " " Note			984 33
			$ 6948 56

CR.

By old orders redeemed	$ 53 76	
" new " "	4398 95	
" note and interest	1011 60	
" commission and postage	117 88	
" amt due treasurer at settlement 1890	420 29	
" balance in hands of treasurer Jan. 1891	946 58	
		$ 6948 56
Orders outstanding Jan. 12, 1890	53 75	
Orders issued from Jan. 13, 1890 to Jan. 12, 1891	4481 26	
		$ 4535 02
Orders of 1887 and 1888 redeemed	5 00	
Orders of 1889 redeemed	48 76	
" " 1890 "	4386 95	
" outstanding Jan. 12, '91	82 31	
		$ 4535 02

EXPENSES FOR YEAR ENDING JAN. 12, 1891.

Provision and supplies	273 35
Fuel and light	73 23
Clothing and shoes	30 25
Furniture and bedding	4 75
Dry goods	31 20
Medical supplies	15 33
Ordinary repairs	127 41
Traveling expenses	6 71
Farm expenses	88 16
Stock work	21 55
Orders relief	11 25
Tobacco	23 14
Taking care of tramps and car fare	14 45
Incidental expenses	1 50
C. S. Furman harness	35 00
Printing statement 1890	45 00
Expense taking Geo. Evans to Elwyn, Pa	12 12
S. F. Peacock affidavits	1 50
Books and stationery	2 70
J. W. Reynolds & Son for well and pump	148 65
Repairing wind mill	21 78
H. Lee Patterson funeral expenses	28 25
B. W. Drake repairing spring wagon	15 30
Expense taking Albertson to P. H.	2 50
C. G. Barkley attorneys fees 1889 and 1890	50 00
M. C. Woodward taking care of tramps 1889 and 1890	20 00
George Evans clothing (Elwyn School)	10 00
Brown house repairing and taxes	2 30
Thomas McBride steward	650 00
Dr. Jacob Schuyler	100 00
J. M. Larish	100 00
L. M. Petitt	25 00
A. C. Hidlay	75 00
C. A. Kleim	100 00
Dr. McReynolds	60 00
Dr. Redeker	60 00
Mrs. McBride matron	50 00
Auditors and clerk for year 1890	25 00
Total current expenses	$ 2352 18

INSANE IN STATE HOSPITAL.

Geo. Fox 52 1-7 weeks @ 1.75 Scott	91 25
Jesse Kelly 52 1-7 weeks @ 1.75 Bloom	91 25
L. C. Kahler 52 1-7 weeks @ 1.75 Bloom	91 25
John Boyer 52 1-7 weeks @ 1.75 Scott	91 25
Alza M. Sterner 52 1-7 weeks @ 1.75 Bloom	91 25
H. Lee Patterson 39 1-7 weeks @ 1.75 Greenwood	68 50
Wm. Fry 52 1-7 weeks @ 1.75 Bloom	91 25
Carrie Furrell 52 1-7 weeks @ 1.75 Greenwood	91 25
Agnes Mason 18 2-7 weeks @ 1.75 Bloom	32 00
	789 25

OUT DOOR RELIEF.

M. May, Bloom	58 00
Caroline Smith, Bloom	90 95
Hester Bomboy, Scott	159 03
M. Dawson, Bloom	66 25
Eph Parks, Bloom	38 00
George Jacoby, Bloom	178 00
Mrs Geo Vanatta, Greenwood	130 00
Wilson Dodson, Bloom	5 00
Wm. Shoemaker, Bloom	8 75
Mr. and Mrs. Fred C. Hess, Sugarloaf	108 00
Mrs. Ann Evans, Greenwood	47 85
Hiram Long, Bloom	3 00
Mrs. Al Cadow, Bloom	113 80
Mrs. Sam Stills, Bloom	46 70
Jacob Adams, Sugarloaf	22 05
Robert Cook, Scott	11 64
Harry Johnson, Scott	2 44
Mrs. Salsy, Scott	2 75
Aaron Shotts, Sugarloaf	14 00
Loyal Masteller, Sugarloaf	22 30
Bessie Dodson, Bloom	4 00
Jacob Swisher and family, Greenwood	61 75
B. F. Taylor, Bloom	3 00
Jack Shoemaker, Scott	10 00
Mrs. Penrose, Bloom	5 06
Jacob Musselman, Scott	47 36
Hannah Randall, Bloom	79 75
Benj. Tyson, Bloom	52 21
Warren Ingold, Bloom	69
James Leacock, Bloom	2 50
	$ 1389 83
	$ 4181 26

We, the undersigned Auditors of the townships comprising the Bloom Poor District, met at the Alms House on the second Monday of January, 1891, that being the 12th, examined the accounts of the Treasurer and the Directors from January 13, 1890, to January 12, 1891, and the vouchers for the same find them correct as set forth above.

WM. BOGART,
ISAAC HEACOCK
A. N. YOST,
D. H. STEADMAN, } Auditors.

VALUE OF REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY belonging to The Bloom Poor District January 12th, 1891.

Balance due on duplicates.

Dup.	Amt	Paid	Due
Bloom 1890	$3067 87	$1869 60	$1198 27
Scott 1888	1006 42	750 87	255 55
Greenw'd 1889	895 32	813 71	81 61
Sugarloaf 1890	321 82	90 00	231 82
Scott 1890	1002 04	425 00	577 04
Greenw'd 1890	902 85	400 00	502 85
			2817 14
Less estimated exonerations and commissions			360 00
			2467 15
Farm and buildings			13000 00
3 horses			120 00
1 mare and colt			200 00
12 head of cattle			225 00
15 shoats			41 00
100 chickens			30 00
3 turkeys			3 00
8 guineas			2 40
122 bushels wheat			122 00
160 bushels oats			88 00
15 tons hay			150 00
500 heads cabbage			30 00
450 pounds lard			36 00
2030 pounds pork			121 80
1½ barrels Sauer Kraut			7 50
2000 bundles corn fodder			100 00
30 bushels turnips			7 50
1 barrel vinegar			7 00
150 bushels potatoes			150 00
Farm implements			600 00
Furniture in Alms house			200 00
Furniture in Steward's house			150 00
30 tons ice			30 00
735 bushels corn ears			220 50
18 acres grain in ground			150 00
			$18,948 84

PRODUCTS RAISED ON FARM, 1890

205 bushels of wheat			$205 00
225 "	oats		123 75
221 "	potatoes		221 00
26 "	rye		16 90
24 "	beans		5 00
1000 "	corn ears		318 00
45 "	turnips		13 50
4 "	beets		2 00
10 "	tomatoes		5 00
54 bundles long straw			13 50
4 bushels onions			4 00
3150 sheaves corn fodder			157 50
1050 heads of cabbage			52 50
1780 pounds pork			166 80
567 pounds lard			45 36
420 dozens eggs			58 20
530 pounds of butter			106 00
15 shoats			41 00
2 barrel sauer krout			10 00
1 calf			8 00
50 chickens			15 50
8 guineas			2 40
4 turkeys			4 00
20 tons hay			200 00
Products sold from farm			50 00
			$1,844 91
No. paupers remaining in Alms House last report		12	
No. admitted during year		5	
			17
No. discharged during year		5	
No. died during year		2	
			7
No. persons in Alms House, Bloom		3	
No. persons in Alms House, Greenwood		6	
No. persons in Alms House, Scott		1	
No remaining January 1, 1891			10

JACOB SCHUYLER)
A. C. HIDLAY, } Directors.
J. M. LARISH.)

Attest: C. A. KLEIM, Secretary.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE

—OF VALUABLE—

REAL ESTATE.

The undersigned administrator of Lafayette Fuller, late of Luzerne county, deceased, will expose at public sale on the premises on

SATURDAY, APRIL 4, 1891,

at 10 a. m. the following described real estate, to-wit: Situate in the Town of Bloomsburg, Columbia county, Pa., beginning at the corner of lot numbered thirty-seven, owned now or formerly by Mrs. Noble on High street, public road leading to Espytown, thence by said street north sixty-five and one-fourth degrees east fifty feet to corner of lot owned by Patrick McFadden, thence by same south thirty-one and one-fourth degrees west two hundred and fourteen feet more or less to Ridge Alley, thence by same south sixty-five and one-fourth degrees west, fifty feet to lot numbered thirty-seven, and thence along said lot numbered thirty-seven north thirty-one and one-fourth degrees west two hundred and fourteen feet more or less to the place of beginning, being a vacant lot.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent of one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of property; the one-fourth less the ten per cent at the confirmation of sale and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter with interest from confirmation nisi.

PHILIP H. SEELY,
Administrator.

SHERIFF'S SALE

By virtue of a writ of Fi. Fa. issued out of the Court of Common pleas of Col. Co. Pa., and to me directed there will be sold in the Sheriff's office, at the Court House, Bloomsburg, Pa., on

SATURDAY, APRIL 4, 1891,

at 10 o'clock a. m., all the right, title and interest of Tony Bush, the defendant, of in and to all that certain lot of ground situate in Sugarloaf twp., Col. Co., Pa., beginning at a post on line of land of Jameson, Fritz & Weed, thence by the said property south thirty-eight degrees east twenty-three and one-tenth perches to a mark in the rock on the west bank of creek, thence by land of Rhoda Fritz, south ——degrees west to a post, thence by land of the Vansickle heirs north thirty-eight degrees west twenty-seven perches to a post, thence by public road north forty-eight and a half degrees east thirteen and two-tenth perches to the place of beginning, containing

2 ACRES

and Ten Perches of Land, whereon are erected a DWELLING HOUSE and Outbuildings.

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of Alexander Bros & Co. versus Tony Bush, and to be sold as the property of Tony Bush.

BARKLEY, Atty. JOHN B. CASEY, Sheriff.

REAL ESTATE

—FOR SALE IN—

BLOOMSBURG.

Main Street.—Desirable building lot 50x214, price $1200.

Fifth Street—House and lot, house rents for $6 per month, room to build several more houses, 110 feet front on Fifth street, price $1050.

First Street—Frame house, 6 rooms, lot 50x214, price $1050.

Fourth Street—Large frame house, 8 rooms, lot 100 feet front on street, price $2250.

Fifth Street—Large frame dwelling house, 8 rooms, out-kitchen, barn, fine fruit, &c., lot 79x200, price $4500.

Main Street—Large store building, with dwelling house on same lot, corner lot fronting on two streets, price $4000.

Third Street.—Large 8 room house, lot 64x213. Price $2700.

Second Street, East of Penn.—Corner lot, 50 ft. front. Price $800.

Second Street.—Fine large residence, 11 rooms exclusive of bath room. Steam, gas, sewer, water and all modern improvements.

Tenant houses and a number of vacant lots in other parts of the town, all of which are for sale on easy terms. For further particulars inquire

Sixth Street, North Side—Neat New two story frame house, 7 rooms, veranda in front and side. Price $1350.

Sixth Street, North Side—New two story frame house, 7 rooms, Veranda. Price $1100

Sixth Street, North Side—House and lot with 63 feet front on Street. Price $600.

Sixth Street, North Side—New two story frame house, 7 rooms, Veranda. Price $1100.

Fine Brick Residence in Espy Pa., Lot 92 feet front 10 room house, everything in good repair recently papered and painted, well at door, cistern, good stable and outbuildings, fruit of all kinds. Price $1600.

of WINTERSTEEN & BECKLEY,
First National Bank Building,
tf. Bloomsburg, Pa.

EGGS! EGGS!

From Barred "PLYMOUTH ROCKS."

The Farmer Favorite,

From RED CAPS,

The Great Layers.

AT $1.50 PER 13, OR $2.50 PER 26 EGGS.

W. B. GERMAN,
tf. Millville, Pa.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Levari Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale in the Sheriff's Office in the Court House at Bloomsburg, Pa., on

SATURDAY, APRIL 11, 1891,

at 9 o'clock a. m., the following described premises, to-wit: All that certain buildings located on a lot or piece of ground situate in Sugarloaf township, Columbia county, Pa., in the plan known as Jamison City, and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the north side of Market street, thence along the north line of said Market street three hundred and ten feet from Broad street, north forty and one-half degrees west two hundred and six feet, thence north forty-nine and one-half degrees, east two hundred and seventy-five feet, thence parallel with Market Street two hundred and six feet, thence south forty-nine and one-half degrees west two hundred and seventy-five feet to the place of beginning.

The main building is a four story balloon frame ninety feet by thirty feet, with a two story balloon frame kitchen, in the rear twenty five feet by twenty-five feet, a veranda on three sides of the main building, at first and second stories; a two story frame kitchen adjoining the first named kitchen twenty-five feet by seventy-five feet, being the property known as the

MANOR REST INN.

with ice house and other outbuildings. Seized taken into execution at the suit of Harry Eshleman and John Wolf, co-partners trading as Eshleman & Wolf, against the Manor Rest Inn Company, and to be sold as the property of the Manor Rest Inn Company.

ZARR, Atty. JOHN B. CASEY, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Lev. Fa. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Col. Co., Pa., and to me directed, there will be sold in the Sheriff's Office, in the Court House, Bloomsburg, Pa., on

Tuesday, March 31, 1891,

at 10 o'clock a. m., all that certain messuage and tract of land situate in the township of Benton, Col. Co., Pa., bounded and described as follows, viz: On the east by lands of Ezekiel Shultz, on the south by lands of Daniel Lutz, on the west by lands of George Dodson and on the north by lands of the heirs of Peter Lutz, deceased, containing

THIRTY ACRES,

of land more or less whereon are erected a

DWELLING HOUSE, BARN

and Other Outbuildings.

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of Thomas Edgar versus F. M. Lutz, and to be sold as the property of F. M. Lutz.

ELWELL, Atty. JOHN B. CASEY, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Fi. Fa. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, Pa., and to me directed, there will be sold in the Sheriff's Office at the Court House, Bloomsburg, Pa., on

SATURDAY, APRIL 4, 1891,

at 10 o'clock a. m., the following:

All that certain lot or parcel of ground situate in the town of Rupert, Montour township, Columbia County, Pa., bounded and described as follows, to-wit: On the east by a street fifty feet wide, laid out by Lloyd Paxton for public use, on the north by lot of Henry S. Reay, on the west by an alley twenty feet wide, laid out as aforesaid, on the south by lot of Ground belonging to G. W. Mears, containing in front on the aforesaid street sixty feet and of the same breadth on aforesaid alley and in depth from the said fifty foot street to the aforesaid alley one hundred and forty feet.

ALSO:—All that certain lot of ground situate in the town of Rupert, Montour township, Columbia county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a corner of a lot of ground belonging to said Lloyd Paxton lying on the west side of a street fifty feet wide laid out by Lloyd Paxton for public use sixty feet northwest from corner of a lot of ground recently conveyed by said Lloyd Paxton to George W. Mears and running from thence by said street north thirteen and one-half degrees west sixty feet to a post, thence by other lands of Lloyd Paxton south twenty-six and one-half degrees west one hundred and forty feet to a tnence by said street south thirteen and one-half degrees east 60 feet to the corner of the aforesaid street twenty feet wide laid out as aforesaid, lot of Lloyd Paxton, thence by the same north seventy-six and one-half degrees east one hundred and forty feet to the place of beginning, whereon are erected a

DWELLING HOUSE, BARN
and Outbuildings.

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of David Reay, trustee of Mary V. Reay, versus Henry S. Reay, and to be sold as the property of Henry S. Reay.

JACKSON, Atty. JOHN B. CASEY, Sheriff.
3-13-3t

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Vend. Ex. issued out of the Court of Common Please of Col. Co., Pa., and to me directed, there will be sold in the Sheriff's office, at the Court House, Bloomsburg, Pa, on

SATURDAY, APRIL 4, 1891,

at 10 o'clock a. m., all that certain lot or parcel of land situate in Jackson township, Columbia county, Pa., bounded as follows, to-wit: On the north by land of Rebecca Keller, on the east by land of Abram Kline, on the south by lands of Frank Fritz and Peter Miller, and on the west by land of Mark Andrews, containing

ONE HUNDRED ACRES

of land, more or less, whereon are erected a Dwelling House, Barn and Outbuildings.

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of N. & P. Pearson, trading under the firm name of Pearson & Co., versus Charles D. Carpenter, and to be sold as the property of Charles D. Carpenter.

HERRING, Atty. JOHN B. CASEY, Sheriff.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate John Ritter, late of Catawissa township.

The undersigned, an auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, to make distribution of balance in hands of surviving administrator, will sit at the office of W. H. Rhawn, Catawissa, at 10 o'clock, April 22, 1891, when and where all persons having claims against said estate must appear and prove the same, or be debarred from coming in on said fund.

B. F. ZARR, Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Daniel Brewer, late of Pine twp. dec'd.

The undersigned, an auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county to make distribution of said estate, will sit in his office in Bloomsburg, on Monday, April 6, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m., when and where all persons having claims against said estate must appear and prove the same, or be debarred from coming in on said fund.

C. G. BARKLEY, Auditor.

PUBLIC SALE

—OF VALUABLE—

REAL ESTATE.

The heirs of Reuben H. Davis, late of Benton township, deceased, will sell at public sale on the premises a

VALUABLE FARM,

consisting of

68 Acres,

situated in Benton township, Col. Co., Pa. bounded by lands of Stott E. Colley, Hiram Ash, John S. Kline, John Dildine and others on

THURSDAY, MARCH 19, 1891,

at 2 o'clock p. m. This farm is situated within one mile of the town of Benton, and contains a good two story

Frame Dwelling House,

barn, a well of good water, a good orchard, and is all cleared land in good state of cultivation, except two acres of good timber land.

TERMS OF SALE.—One third of purchase money to be secured by mortgage on the premises, the interest on which is to be paid annually to Lucinda Davis during her life, and at her death the principal to be paid to the heirs of said R. H. Davis. Ten per cent. of ¼ of the remaining 2-3 of purchase money to be paid at striking down of the property, the one-fourth less the ten per cent. on the first day of April A. D., 1891, when possession will be given and the remaining part of said 2-3 of purchase money on the first day of April 1892 with interest, when deed will be delivered. Purchaser to pay for drawing deed. For further information apply to

or ROBT. BUCKINGHAM, Bloomsburg, Pa. S. L. DAVIS, Atty. in fact for heirs. P. O. Benton.

RULE AND NOTICE.

ELIJAH HESS vs. THEO. M. HOUSER. } In the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County No. 174 Feby. Term, 1891.

Ejectment for purchase money for certain premises, whereof the following is a description: Situate in the township of Sugarloaf in Columbia county, Pa., and on the north side of the public road leading up the West branch of Fishingcreek, and beginning at a post in the edge of said public road and line of land of J. W. Perry, thence by the same north six degrees five minutes east, one hundred and seventy-three and two-tenth feet to a post and thence north twenty-six degrees thirty minutes west eight and five-tenths feet to a post, thence north seventy-seven degrees west fourteen and eight-tenths feet to an apple tree, thence south ten degrees west, one hundred and seventy and two-tenths feet to a post in the edge of the public road aforesaid, along land of the said Elijah Hess, thence by the said public road south sixty six degrees five minutes east, thirty-two and six-tenths feet to the post, the place of beginning, containing fifteen and eight-tenths perches of land. And the Sheriff having returned that neither the vendee, the defendant above named, nor any person claiming under him was in possession or occupancy of the premises. Thereupon on the 14th day of February, 1891, on motion of Mr. Freeze, attorney for the plaintiff, for an order of publication and a Rule on defendant to appear and plead to the action by the first day of May Term 1891, as per Act of Assembly in such case made and provided. Order made and Rule granted as per motion.

Certified from the Records this 16th day of February A. D. 1891. G. M. QUICK, Prothy.

[SEAL]
FREEZE, Atty,
2-27-2m.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Mary A. Hagenbuch, late of he township of Orange, county of Columbia, Pa. deceased, have been granted to William Hagenuch, resident of said township, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay.

WILLIAM HAGENBUCH, Executor.
WM. H. SNYDER, Atty.
2-6 *

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Jacob H. Fritz, late of Sugarloaf twp. deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Jacob H. Fritz, late of Sugarloaf twp, Col. Co. Pa., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned administrators to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payments, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to

or to AMANDA FRITZ,
A. L. FRITZ, AMANDUS FRITZ,
2-6-6t. Atty. Guava, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Martha J. Edgar, deceased.

Letters of administration *cum testamentum annexo* on the estate of Martha J. Edgar, late of Espy, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, deceased, have been granted to Thomas W. Edgar, residing in said place, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay.

THOMAS W. EDGAR,
1-30-6w. Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Elizabeth Mann, late of Beaver twp., deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Elizabeth Mann, late of Beaver twp., Col. Co., Pa., deceased, have been granted to Jacob Baker of Glen City, Col. Co. Pa., to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payments, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to

or to JACOB BAKER,
ROBERT R. LITTLE, Administrator,
Atty. Glen City, Col. Co. Pa.
2-13-6t *.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Rosanna Runyan, late of Benton twp., Columbia county, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Rosanna Runyan, late of Benton township, Columbia Co., Pa., deceased, have been granted to H. F. Berlin, of Fairmount Springs, Luz. Co., Pa., to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payments, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to

H. F. BERLIN,
2-6-6t. * Fairmount Springs, Luz. Co. Pa.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Harmon Fahringer, deceased.

The undersigned Auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, Pa., to distribute balance in the hands of the Executor of the estate of Harmon Fahringer, dec'd., will meet the parties interested at the office of Grant Herring, Esq., in the town of Bloomsburg, on Saturday, March 28, 1891, at ten o'clock, a. m., when and where all parties interested will attend or be forever debarred from any share of said fund.

W. H. RHAWN,
Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Joseph Hess, deceased.

The undersigned Auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, Pa., to distribute balance in the hands of the Executor of the estate of Joseph Hess, dec'd, will meet the parties interested at the office of Grant Herring, Esq., in the town of Bloomsburg, on Saturday, March 21st, 1891, at ten o'clock, a. m., when and where all parties interested will attend or be forever debarred from any share of said fund.

C. E. GEYER,
Auditor.

NOTICE.

My wife, Maggie Davis, has left my bed and board without just cause or provocation, and I hereby caution all persons against furnishing her anything on my account, as I will pay no bills of her contracting.

Mar. 6-3t * WILLIAM H. DAVIS.